THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,237—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JANUARY 20. 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911				
31st Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
28th "	CALEDONIA	7558		
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7938
11th "	DELTA	8063		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10685
25th "	ARABIA	7932		
4th March	MALWA	10663		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10619
23rd "	ARCADIA	7000		
25th "	PERSIA	7551		
1st April	MARMORA	10609		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9502
22nd "	MANTUA	10685		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10590
20th "	EGYPT	7912		

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 493 or Rs. 591	Rs. 744 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 647	Rs. 793 or Rs. 960

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.

BERTHS — Carefully Selected.

STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing about
Umvolosi	4,500	14th February, 1911.

Fare Rs. 375 to Rs. 420.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For farther particulars, apply to:—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th Jan. 1911
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	Geo. Mitchell	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	20th Jan.	6 a.m.*	direct.
Dwarka	1695	Mon.	23rd Jan.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M
Pundva	3305	Thurs.	26th Jan.	9 a.m.	via C. M.

*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Pundva," 3305 tons, on Thursday, 26th Jan. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Warconga," 2513 tons, on Monday, the 23rd January, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A Steamer on or about the 28th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

20th January, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Nera	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	11th May 1911.
Caledonien	4,130		8th June 1911.
Oceanien	4,143		6th July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	27th Jan. 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	24th Feb. "

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Agent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,380	L. Mancini	15th Feb. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	G. Maganzine	15th Mar. 1910
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th April 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Feb. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Mar. 1911
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th April 1911.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ....., to SINGAPORE Rs. 155 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
b Markgraf	3,680	Ihle	4th Feb. 1911.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 5th December, 1910.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Soerabaya	Kobe
Tampin (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP	Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	" 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BOMBAY RACES.

To obtain a thorough appreciation of all the special and interesting features of a race as a whole, to anxiously watch the performance or form of a horse in which you are most interested and to enjoy a race from the start to an exhilarating finish, you cannot do without one of the following.

BINOCULARS.—

GOERZ—TRIEDER
NEO—TRIEDER
HELI—TRIEDER
PAGOR
LONDON DERBY
MARCKS' PRISM.

They are revelations in power, precision and field of view. The use of any one of the foregoing glasses will present to your sight something

NEW AND EXTRAORDINARY,

as they possess the power of Binocular Telescopes six times their size and they will give you a phenomenal field which cannot be obtained in any other form of binocular or telescope.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS, &C.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS' CONFECTIONERY SPECIALITIES.

FRESH MADE AT THEIR CONFECTIONERY WORKS, 15-16-17, TAMARIND LANE.

MONGINI'S	Chocolates in ½ lb. and 1 lb. cartons	Rs. 2 per lb.
MONGINI'S	Nougat " " packets	" 2 "
MONGINI'S	Caramels (plain)	" 1-8 "
MONGINI'S	Marzipan (in boxes)	" 0-8 per box.
MONGINI'S	Assorted Confectionery in presentation picture boxes of three sizes	" 5-12 "
MONGINI'S	Dessert Chocolate Confectionery	at Re. 1 and " 2 "

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF
WEDDING CAKES,
Confectionery, Provisions & Stores will be posted free on application.

TEA — AWARDED — COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 108, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers In:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.
To hand just now from MESSINA.
SWEET ORANGES at Re. 1 per doz., and LEMOS for lemon squash.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY · PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

...sertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay ..." is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at ... by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which ... are to appear.

ANNUAL CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES.

THE ANNUAL CONVOCATION for CONFERRING DEGREES, to be presided over by His Excellency the Chancellor, will be held in the ... Cowasji Jehanghier Hall of the University, at 5-45 ..., on TUESDAY, the 21st February, 1911.

2. Candidates entitled to Degrees and desirous of being admitted thereto are requested to forward their applications so as to reach the Registrar not later than 4.30 P.M., on SATURDAY, the 11th February, 1911. APPLICATIONS RECEIVED AFTER THAT DATE CAN NOT, UNDER REGULATION 45, BE ACCEPTED. Unless sufficient reason is shown for absence, Degrees in absentia will not be granted.

By Order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 18th January, 1911.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 719 of 1903.

MAGINCHAND FOOLCHAND, of Bombay, Hindu Shravak Merchant inhabitant, residing at Mombadevi, without the Fort ..... Plaintiff

Vs.

1. KANAYALAL JEYNARAYEN,
2. GOVIND PRASAD JEYNARAYEN,
3. KISHEN PRASAD JEYNARAYEN, all of Muttra Hindu Marwadi Merchant inhabitants, ... Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 28th day of February, 1910, it was ordered inter alia that the Defendants should pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rs. 2,995-14-1 for debt and interest and the costs of the suit taxed at Rs. 289-13-0, thus making together the sum of Rs. 3,285-11-1 only.

And whereas by a warrant of Sale, dated the 29th day of September, 1910, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, all the right, title and intrest of the Defendants, Kanayalal Jeynarayen, Govind Prasad Jayarayen and Kishen Prasad Jeynarayen, in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, subject to the rights of the mortgagee and without prejudice to his rights to deal with the attached property in terms of the security, that is to say :—

All that piece of Fazandari land or ground belonging to Hormasji Bomanji Shett, with messuages, tenements or dwellinghouses standing and being thereon, containing by admeasurement 553 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the East side of Shaik Memon Street or Khara Kuwa Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1379, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 184, 185, 186, 187 and 188, and Street Nos. 345 to 349 (1) (2) (3) and 351 to 355, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the house formerly of Ambaram Zara and now of Zaverbai, widow of Jivanram Juggonnath, on or towards the South by part of the wall of the house formerly belonging to Jasiram Shivlal and now by the house of Sultan Nawaz Jung Bahadur, on or towards the East by the passage belonging to Sorabji Rustomji and Khatshedbai, his wife, and on or towards the West by Shaik Memon Street aforesaid.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on TUESDAY, the 21st day of February, 1911, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises, to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said Defendants in the said lands and premises aforesaid subject to the rights of the mortgagee and without prejudice to his rights to deal with the attached property in terms of the security or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs of suit, costs of previous execution and of the said warrant of sale.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendants to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendants have no saleable interest whatever in the lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 19th day of January, 1911.

S. B. BROACHA,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. WADIA, GHANDY and Co.,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

WANTED a RETIRED OVERSEER, who has served under British Government, to supervise works in the Engineering Department, Kolhapur. Apply with testimonials to the DIWAN of KOLHAPUR STATE, before 31st January, 1911.

K. SUBNIS,
Diwan of Kolhapur.

Kolhapur, 11th January, 1911.

TYPES FOR SALE.

ONE LOT of NEW ENGLISH-MADE TYPES, BORDERS and ORNAMENTS of unique designs. All made by the best and well-known English Founders. Separate Founts can be sold. For Specimen and rates apply to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received at the office of the Undersigned, up to one o'clock on the 28th January, 1911, for works in connection with the proposed extensions to the Grand Oriental Hotel, for Messrs. The Colombo Hotels Company, Ltd., at Colombo.

Plans, Specifications and Bills of quantities may be seen and all other particulars ascertained during office hours at the office of the Undersigned, where Tender forms can be obtained on payment. Earnest money accompanying each Tender will be returned on the non-acceptance of such Tender.

The successful Tenderers will be required to make the deposits specified in cash or Government Promissory Notes, on signing the contract and 5 per cent. will be reserved on all bills as paid from time to time. Messrs. The Colombo Hotels Company, Ltd., do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

CHARLES F. STEVENS & CO,
"Kings" Building, Hornby Road,
Bombay, 5th January, 1911.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9¼ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per ... do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores" are invited and will be received by the Manager in his office, at Lahore (Post Office Naulakha), up to 12 noon, on Tuesday, the 21st February, 1911 (at which date, time and place they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who may wish to be present), for Country Stores to be supplied for 12 months, commencing 1st April 1911. The Stores will require to be delivered at one of the recognized North-Western Railway Stores Depot, but may be consigned from outstations in accordance with terms noted in the form of Tender. The undermentioned are some of the items required:—

Bags Gunny, Baskets of sorts, Belting, Cane, Battan Chicks, Cloth of sorts, Panlins, Ropes of sorts, Bamboos, Brick Fire, Brushes, Cane, Charcoal, Coir Loose, Coir Yarn, Durries, Handles beater, Hammer, Phowrab, &c., Khus Khus, Limestone, Whitewashing, Liners, Locks of sorts, Lamps of sorts, Hides, Leather Goods, Newar, Oils, Spanners, Twine, Lathies, Tins, Vessels Copper and Brass, &c., &c.

2. All material must be of genuine country manufacture and tenderers must state on their Tenders at what Mills in India the materials will be made, or other source of supply.

3. Lists of the articles required will be posted on the Stores Notice Boards at the principle Railway Stations, on the North-Western Railway, and further details and form of tender can be obtained on application to the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made for each tender form.

4. Samples of the various items tendered legibly marked with the name and address of tenderers should be delivered free of all charges, at the office of the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, not later than 12 noon, on MONDAY, the 20th February, 1911.

5. Earnest money, as prescribed in form of Tender, must be remitted in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes, to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, whose receipt shall be attached to the Form of Tender.

6. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt of earnest money, will not be considered.

7. The Manager holds himself at liberty to select one or more items, from any Tender without reference to other items, in the same Tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any Tender.

8. The acceptance or rejection of the Tender will not be notified till about a month from date of opening of Tenders.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 16th January, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

The property of a gentleman, consisting of dining and round tables, teapoys, sofas, chairs, sideboard, cupboard, almira, chest of drawers, dressing, washhand and writing tables, iron safes, square and grand pianos, American organ of 10 stops, etc.

1 Commercial, 1 Remington, 1 Barlock type writers, 1 Remington flat duplicator, medium chest, etc.

By order of the Post Master General, unserviceable goods, such as canvas and drill bags, leather wallets, delivery and cash bags, time-pieces, iron safe, parcel scales and weights, &c.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 rubber-tyred light brougham.
1 rubber-tyred shigram.

SALE ON TUESDAY, 31st January.

On TUESDAY, the 31st Instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Action, at Middle Colaba, opposite the Bird Cage Bungalow, the valuable and handsome French polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, glassware, crockery ware, best plated ware, dining table and chairs, sideboard, dinner waggon, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs, cabinets, marble and tiletopped teapoys, cane chairs, iron cots, mirror door almiras, clothes press, chest of drawers, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, rich table ornaments, wind proof lamps, pictures in box, cooking pots, etc., the property of J. M. Schneider, Esq., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 20th January, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at 1st Kamatipura Street.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 6th proximo, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), by order of Mrs. Vishimprasad Doongarprasad, the surviving mortgagee, and on account and risk of the estate of the late Messrs. Harilal Jamnadas and Keshavlal Jamnadas, the mortgagors, the following :—

All that piece of Government land situate on the east side of Kamatipura 1st Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty square yards and three-ninth of a square yard or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under quit and ground rent tenure under Old No. 3363, New No. 10,165, Old Survey No. 2990 and New Survey No. 5780, together with the tenements and dwellinghouse erected and standing thereon, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under E. Ward Nos. 1055 and 1056 and Street No. 11, 13, 15, 17, and 19, and bounded on the east by the property of Dayana Dharamsey, and on the west by the Kamatipura 1st Street, on the north by a sweeper's passage, and on the south by a public passage together with all its appurtenances, rights and easements belonging thereto.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Ghirdharlal, solicitors, at Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 20th January, 1911.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. E. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE.

GRAND ATTRACTION
TO-MORROW,
SATURDAY, JAN. 21ST
AND FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY
WALTER E. DEAVE'S
WORLD FAMOUS
MARIONNETTES
THE SHOW
WHICH HAS MADE
MILLIONS LAUGH.

SPECIAL SCENERY,
ELECTRICAL EFFECTS,
HANDSOME CONSTUMES.
HALF AN HOUR
WITH THE
MARIONNETTES

THE
EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
GRAND CHANGE OF
PROGRAMME.
HALF AN HOUR
WITH THE
PICTURES.
THE BEST AMUSEMENT IN BOMBAY.
MARIONNETTES
and PICTURES
AT EACH OF THE THREE SHOWS
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 P. M.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

AN EXHIBITION will be held in the TOWN HALL, Last day, for receiving Pictures, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd. For prospectus and particulars apply to

PROF. O. V. MULLER, M. A.,
Hon. Secty.,
Elphinstone College, Bombay.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
BAND THURSDAYS & SATURDAYS,
from 6 to 8 Evening,
and every night at 9-30.
COMING EVENTS.
TUESDAY, 24TH JANUARY.....SPORTS.
TUESDAY, 31ST JANUARY.....SPORTS.
TUESDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY .....CARNIVAL.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented
HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF
SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.
OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.
Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.
The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.
HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM :—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impurities of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by a reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITCHURESKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising.

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS.
ULCERS	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

The most wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"
—June 13, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have scores of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say : "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR :—
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—HINDU GRADUATES, fresh from College. Will receive training in a large European Commercial House with small salaries to start with. Apply Box No. 2046, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—Required from the 1st April for 6 months or longer, an experienced EUROPEAN GUNSMITH, to take charge of the Gun Department, ARMY and NAVY CO-OPPERATIVE SOCIETY, Ld., Calcutta Branch. Also from 1st April or earlier an Assistant in the Stationery Department with a knowledge of the Book Trade. Apply MANAGER'S OFFICE, ARMY and NAVY Co-operative Society, Ld., 41, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

BUNGALOW TO LET.—Furnished, April to December, four Bedrooms. The Bungalow on Walkeshwar Road, now in the occupation of Mr. Nigel F. Paton.

FLAT TO LET.—Fully Furnished FLAT BERYL HOUSE, Wodehouse-Road, for 6 months, from March 1st (earlier if required). Two entertaining Rooms, two Bed-rooms, Dressing-Rooms, English Baths, usual offices, servants' quarters, Electric Lift, lights and fans. Rs. 250.—Apply to "X Z," Care of this Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Re. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

MILK-BUTTER-CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily ; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

WE STOCK new and second-hand motor cars, serviceable and cheap accessories. We undertake Electrical Installations. Satisfaction assured. Inquiries solicited. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

WONDERFUL Discovery—Specific for HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE, HERNIA, ELEPHANTIASIS AND DROPSY. Guaranteed to cure any nature and standing radically by using externally. Rs. 2-8 oz.—B. GHOSE & Co., Chemists, 85/1, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta. Testimonials Highest. Estd. 1885.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 1/16d. Also Insinder Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—9¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¼ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.) 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand (If printed on flap) Rs. 4 per thousand.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old ; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC "FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s
"ENERGICAL SYRUP."
THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS :
V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS :—TEACHER & Co., Limited ; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited ; KEMP & Co., &c.,

EMPIRE OF INDIA
Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office : BOMBAY.
Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.
INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE
RATES AND CONDITIONS
OF THE
Empire of India Life Office
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the
ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET
To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS
are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.
BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Frames, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.
Capital paid up ..... Gold $ 3,250,000.000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits ..... Gold $ 3,375,444.33

LONDON OFFICE : 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Pekinz.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.
CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate St reet.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE :
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Entebbe.
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Nuwara-Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY.

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.

OWNER going Home in March. 20 h. p. 4-cylinder FORD TOURING CAR, 5-seated, side entrance, complete with hood, glass screen, Stepney wheel, side and acetylene lamps and tools, etc. Only run 2,750 miles. Originally cost Rs. 4,500. Will accept Rs. 3,000, no offers. Trial run given in Bombay at any time by appointment. Apply J. H. W., care of RONEO, LTD., York Building, Bombay.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

THE SALE of BOOKS advertised to take place to-morrow is POSTPONED, until further notice.

AUCTION SALE of landed property at Parel, near the Government House.

Under instructions from the Transferee of the Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mistry Mahomed Alloo and under the power of sale reserved by the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 23rd day of November, 1908 and made between Mistry Mahomed Alloo of the one part and Dossabhai Cawasji Patel of the other part and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage bearing date the 21st day of June, 1909 and made between the said Dossabhai Cowasji Patel of the one part and the Transferee of the other part, Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th day of January, 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Parel in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement in the aggregate seven hundred square yards or thereabouts, out of which said piece of land, 585 square yards or thereabouts have been let out to Fazendari Tenants and 115 square yards are in the occupation of the Mortgagor and upon which latter portion the Mortgagor has constructed a building and which said piece of land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 27, New No. 14,138 and standing in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue in the name of Govind Pandurang deceased and bounded on the North and West by the compound wall of the Government House, on the South by Public Passage and on the East by a Public Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application may be made to Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, solicitors, at their office in Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 20th January, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.
SALE OF THE MACHINERY OF THE MAHARANI ICE FACTORY.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, by the order of Chubildas Lalookhoy, Esq., the proprietor, sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 23rd day of January, 1911, at the premises, at Armenian Lane, near St. Thomas Cathedral, Fort, the whole of the Ice Making Machinery and plant of the Maharani Ice Factory, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

LIST OF THE MACHINERY.

1—2 Lancashire double flew boilers, 24 by 6 1-2, 32 N.H.P. each, by J. Musgrave and Sons.
2—1 Cameron double-acting Pump.
3—2 Direct acting coupled non-condensing engines 45 N.H.P., by W. G. West & Co
4—2 Ether Vacuum pumps of 26 ins. diameter.
5—2 Ether condensers made of all copper and brass, 300 copper pipes 1 1-4 by 8 ins.
6—2 Refrigerators, made of all copper and brass, 4 by 8 by 1 1-4 ins. of 325 pipes copper.
7—2 Auxiliary condensers, all of copper.
8—4 Water and Brine pumps with cocks, pipes and gauges.
9— A separate condensing engine air-pump and condenser.
10— Electric light machines.
12—4 Water tanks with pipes and corks.
13— Block No. 2 on ground floor 10 large wooden ice-tanks.
14—1 Brake force-pump with pipes and corks.
15— Ice tanks, agitating gear pipes, cocks and all other fittings.
16— Block No. 2 on first floor, agitating shafting.
17— Block No. 3 on ground floor travellers and shafting.
18—1 Centrifugal pump.
19—1 Wardhington pump.
20—1 Pulsometer pump, 6 ins. size.
21— Engine tools and spare machinery.
22—1 Row of feed heater pipes, 3 by 8 by 16 ins. of wrought iron.
23— Sundry stores in godown.

Cash or a deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchaser, and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared within three days from the day of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 20th January, 1911.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 9
Qu

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, January 18.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols ... 36 1-8—1-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs...25-28 1-2 unchgd
3 per cent. Rentes ... ...97 1-2 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ...95 1-2 unchgd
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent... ...63 13-16—3-16
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) ... ...1-2-15 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot ... ... 26 2-4—1-8
Do. 2 months hence ... 26 15-16—1-8
Closing Tone of Silver—Business has been done at 1-16th under the fixed rate.
Berlin Cheques on London ...20-46 1-2unchgd
Discount Bank of Rate 4 1-2 p.c. since. 1-12-10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight.. 3 11-16 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight. 3 1-2 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 4 1-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...4 1-8 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 3 1-8 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ... 3 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ... 77 9 unchgd

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 13,000,000,

Rs. 6,90,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 2,50,000 " to Bombay
" 8,60,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 18,00,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·10; Madras 16·09.
Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 56,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 39,30,000 " to Bombay.
" 6,70,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 1,02,00,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 4-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 4-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·13.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 1,26,60,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 1,30,00,000.

MANCHESTER, January 18.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Total Sales	...	12,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export		500
Sales of East Indian	...	.....
Imports	...	31,000
Spots		Fair demand, Steady.
Futures	...	Steady.
East Indian	...	Quiet.
Manchester		Quiet, moderate business.
Mid-Americans	...	8-01+1
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	...	11 unchgd

	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7·83	7·83	7·84
	+ 3	+ 2	+ 2
Mid. Uplands	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
	7·84	7·85	7·85
	+ 2	+ 2	+ 2

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsetti	23	6	0
97 touch Chinta	23	6	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop, Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	23	15	9
National Bank	24	0	0
Chartered Bank	23	15	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	1	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	0
English Gold	24	0	0
Native Bullion ...	23	14	9
Indian Specie Bank	23	14	0

SILVER.

117 1-1 Penny	71	13	0
117 Penny Ready	71	10	0
Local price	0	11	0

FUTURES.

First Settlement	71	11	0
Second do	72	4	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed.—Quiet. London price was 3d. up. Demand seemed nominal and prices for ready and forward declined by an anna or two.
Rapeseed and Wheat.—Quieter. London prices were unchanged. Sellers being more prices declined by half an anna to an anna.
Castorseed, Gengillyseed and Cottonseed.—Steady. Enquiries moderate and prices steady.
Groundnuts, Poppyseed and Mowraseed.—Demand nominal. Prices unchanged.
The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 18th January, 1911:—

Wheat	15,628	cwts
Linseed	408	"
Rapeseed	3,161	"
Gingellyseed	42,950	"
Poppyseed	23	"
Groundnuts	18,513	"
Castorseed	2,813	"
Rice	5,182	"
Myrabollams	2,994	"
Cottonseed	15,827	"
Mowraseed	.....	"
Gram	1,508	"
Jowar	1,085	"
Maize	1,450	"

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,565	
India	...	64	
Eastern Bank	...	72	
Indian Specie	...	53	

MILLS.

David	...	363	3-4
Manockji Petit	...	2,665	
Kohinoor	...	622	1-2
Swan Mill	...	200	
Crescent	...	70	

PRESS.

New Mofussil		812	1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...		18	
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...		113	1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...		170	
Treacher and Co.		490	

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley		482	1-2

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullion Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
6 Bundles ...	.....	12,000	.....
1 Bundle	.....	862	.....
7 Bundles ...	.....	15,300	.....
1 Bundle	.....	500	.....
2 Bundles ...	.....	4,000	.....
1 Bundle	.....	1,600	.....
1 do ...	.....	2,000	.....
1 do ...	.....	550	.....
1 do ...	.....	800	.....
11 Bundles	.....	23,000	.....
3 do ...	.....	6,200	.....

Importers.	Vessel.	From
M Mackenzie & Co ...	Kola	Busreh
Do ...	do	C Mandvi
Sundry Importers ...	do	Busreh
National Bank of India ...	Africa	Alexandria
M Mackenzie & Co ...	Warconga	Dehai
Do ...	do	Bahrein
Do ...	do	Abass
Do ...	do	Muscat
Do ...	do	Dwarka
Do ...	do	Verawal
Sundry Importers ...	do	Koweit
Do ...	do	Dehai

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 17th January, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	77	94,423
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	88	97,138

BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF EARNINGS FOR DECEMBER 1910.

	Earnings for December 1910. Rs.	Increase or Decrease over same month last year. Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	1,88,900	+ 4,561	+ 2·47
* Lighting and Power Supply	46,484	+ 3,319	+ 7·68
Total.....	2,35,384	+ 7,880	+ 3·46

	Total Earnings from January 1910. Rs.	Increase or Decrease over the same period last year. Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	21,59,023	+ 1,49,495	+ 7·44
* Lighting and Power Supply	5,45,131	+ 78,212	+ 16·75
Total.....	27,04,154	+2,27,707	+ 9·19

* Exclusive of Power supplied to the Tramways.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for 8 lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

BUCKLEY—SHELDRICK—January 14, at Christ Church, Salem, by the Rev J F Spencer, Claude Evelyn Buckley, Agent, Bank of Madras, Mangalore, to Daisy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs H W Sheldrick, of Mercara, late of Nellacotta, Nilgiri.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail Steamer expected about midnight.
Permanent-Way Inspectors' Conference: Meeting for the Discussion of Papers, etc.
Lecture by Miss K. Browning on "Tolerance," Theosophical Society's Hall, 6-30 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m. Star Film, "The Flag of Company H."
Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies' Session 9 to 10 a. m.; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m; 9-30 to 11 p. m.

Maxim: "Affairs must suffer when recreation is preferred to business."

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour to-morrow.

FATAL BURNS.—Peter Lobo, a Portuguese boy, aged four years, residing with his parents in a chawl at De Lisle Road, was sitting near an open-kerosine-oil lamp on the night of the 14th instant, when his clothes caught fire and he was severely burnt about his body. The child died on Wednesday.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the Weekly Meeting of the Society to be held on Sunday next at 4-30 p.m., (B.T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, there will be a discussion on Gatha Spento Mainyu Chap. IV (Yasna L), verse 4, after which Mr. A. K. Vasavevala, B.A., will read a paper on "Sanitary principles found in the Avesta."

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V.D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Maillandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.), this evening:—

March ..... La Petite Tonkinoise ... Christine
A Souvenirdo
Rapsal ..... Chant Sans Paroles ... Tschaikowsky
B Intermezzo ... Shadowland ..... Farban
Selection ..... The Arcadians ..... Monckton
Valse ..... Midsummer ..... Marigold
Selection ..... My Lady Molly ..... S Jones
Valse ..... Babette ..... Colin
Two Step ..... Silverheels ..... Moret

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

CONVICTION AND SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeals of Baliya alias Yesa Madhav and five others who were convicted by Mr. H. L. Harvey, Sessions Judge of Sholapur, of dacoity, and sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment each.

It appeared that on the night of the 25th June last, the accused with sticks in their hands committed a dacoity in the house of one Yedu which was about two miles away from the village. The inmates of the house were awakened by the barking of dogs outside, but the accused bound them hand and foot with their own turbans and ransacked the house. They took away all the ornaments and clothes that the inmates were wearing as well as a quantity of grain and sundry articles. The accused were subsequently arrested and they made a confession which was retracted in the Sessions Court.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

COVERING AN OFFENCE.

Police Naik Sentenced.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Rama Bharmappa, a Police Naik in the Dharwar district, who was convicted of abetment of causing grievous hurt by a dangerous weapon and sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. L. Graham, Additional Sessions Judge of Dharwar.

Mr. P. M. Vinekar appeared for the accused.

The accused was tried along with the other police constables on the above charge. The prosecution case was that under the orders of the appellant, one of his co-accused with the assistance of the other shot one Mallya in the knee. The co-accused admitted the shooting, but said he did so, because Mallya had escaped from custody and he saw no other means of recapturing him.

The assessors were agreed that, neither Mallya nor his father were trying to escape from custody and that there was no lawful reason for the shooting of Mallya. It was done by the police in order to cover up their offence in letting the other haran-shikaris escape. In the presence of the appellant, Mallya was shot by his co-accused, while the other was holding him by a rope.

The Sessions Judge convicted all the accused; against that conviction the Naik appealed.

After hearing Mr. Vinekar, their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

CHARGE AGAINST A MAGISTRATE.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the application for a transfer of the case made by Mr. Tricumlal R. Desai on behalf of Bhogilal Zaverdass of the case brought by his client against Mahomed Ibrahim, Secretary, Bakar Municipality, and Mr. Pradhan, Magistrate of Thana, on charges of abuse, assault and unlawful confinement from the court of Mr. Trivedi, Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Kheda, to some other court.

The complainant stated that on 2nd the December last both the accused called the complainant and other grain merchants into the Municipal Office and asked them to sign a document that they would supply grain and other articles to all Government Officials who would visit the village of Tetar in the Dakor district. On their refusing to sign, the accused abused them and assaulted them with slaps and kicks and forced them to sign the document. The merchants, thereupon, sent a complaints to H. E. the Governor, to the Commissioner of the Northern Division and to the Collector of Kheda. They received a reply to the effect that the matter would be considered. The complaint was filed before the District Magistrate who sent the case to the Sub-divisional Magistrate.

The application was made on the ground that one of the accused being a Magistrate, the complainant's witnesses would not give their evidence willingly before the Magistrate.

Their Lordships directed that the application should be made in the first instance to the District Magistrate.

CLAIM AGAINST G. I. P. RY.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar disposed of the suit brought by Dewan Bahadur Kasturchand Dhaghs, C.I.E., against the G. I. P. Railway Company to recover Rs. 6,822 with interest and costs.

Mr. G. R. Lowndes and Mr. H. C. Coyaji, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Company, appeared for the plaintiff. The Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. D. B. Binning, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, were for the defendants.

The claim was for recovering the value of 55 bales of cotton which were damaged by fire and water on their way to Bombay from Boregaum. They were consigned to Messrs. Brusel and Company by the plaintiffs.

The Company brought in Court Rs. 5,553 in full satisfaction of the claim being the sale proceeds of the damaged goods.

The plaintiff accepted the amount and a decree by consent was passed accordingly.

After hearing the arguments, his Lordship ordered the defendants to pay the plaintiff all his costs up to the filing of the written statement and three-fourths of his costs of the hearing.

THE MOHURRUM RIOTS.

More Accused Sentenced.

Yesterday, at the Mazagon Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Presidency Magistrate, delivered his decision in the case in which Inspector Jones charged Mahomed Hussein Alisab, Subanali and Sulleman Oomer with rioting on the afternoon of the 12th instant, at Pydhownie. Mr. Ashbury, pleader, defended the accused.

His Worship, in the course of his decision, discussed at length the evidence in the case and remarked that the accused deserved fairly severe punishment as it was the criminal action of men like them that had led to the unfortunate loss of life. His Worship added that on the other hand it must be remembered that the accused were all young men of about twenty-five years of age, and it was not alleged that they were ring-leaders in the disturbance. His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced them to suffer six months' rigorous imprisonment each, and ordered them to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 100 each with one surety for a like amount to keep the peace for one year after their release from jail.

An Appeal to the Governor.

The Honourable Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola has given notice of his intention to move the following resolution at the next meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council, called for the 26th instant.

"That in view of the fact that the Mohurrum celebrations of both the last and the current years have proved failures, and that on the last Ashura day people were fired upon, killed and wounded, this Council recommends that His Excellency Sir George Clarke be graciously pleased to take the matter in his hands personally and, in consultation with really representative men from amongst the Mahomedan Community, to try to provide a satisfactory solution of the problem, by which all risk of the disturbance of peace and order may be eliminated and a peaceful celebration of the holiday may be ensured."

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 19.

The freight market continues firm and although the enquiry on the berths has not been so active as last week there has been a good demand for steamers, seven having been chartered. The prospects for crops continue good, ample rain have now fallen throughout the wheat growing districts, and with normal conditions, from now onwards, the wheat crop should be a large one. There is more inclination on the part of holders of old crop to sell, and when the roads up-country become passable it is hoped that the arrivals of wheat will show a considerable increase.

HIGH COURT.—JAN. 20.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. MR. JUSTICE BATCHELOR.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

828 08 Payne and Co The Punjab National Bank Ld vs The Mercantile Bank of India Ld Crawford B and Co.
657-08 S A Tyabji Dhondibai widow vs Janabai widow Raghavaya B and N.
1053-09 Bicknell M and R Abdullabhai Farjoolabhai vs R D Sethna and another Captain and V
Re Ind Co Act VI of 1882 and Re Lakhmidas Khimji Spg. Wg. Co Ld Little and Co Goverdhandas Khatao vs J Sanders Slater Bhaishanker K and G.
298-10 Kanga and S Tarachand Murlidhur vs Ballabhdas Bagri and others Bicknell M and R.
976-09 Bhaishanker K and G Vishwanath Prabhuram Vaida vs Mulraj Khatao Madhawji K and C.
2-08 Payne and Co Ramchandra Shivdas vs Gungabisson Jaidev and another J B Patell and Co.
1071-09 Jamsetji R and D Abdool Hoosein Moosaji Poonawalla vs Shapurji Cooverji Mistry Mulla and M
397-09 J R Patel and Co J F Karaka and Co a firm vs James John Ballantine Smetham B and Co.

(Before the Hon. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Short Cause.

1082-10 Thakurdas and Co Shavakshaw Dadabhoy Shroff and another vs Cursetji Jamshedji Chandans Wadia G and Co

Long Cause.

530-10 Payne and Co Mohundas Kamalsi vs Babaji Balwant Marootray and another Judah and S Sabnis and G Part heard

Short Causes.

869-10 Jehangir M and S Harmunbux Ramcoover vs Ramnarayen Banichand Chandik Tyabji D and Co Part heard
511-09 Captain and V, Baboorao Ravikaramdas, a firm vs Mugonlal Bulakidas, Bhaishanker K & G.

Commercial Cause.

1034-10 Crawford B and Co The Bank of Bombay vs Derji Damodar

Long Causes

389-10 Malvi H M and R The Indian Agency Co Ramjimal Mulla and M
898-10 Mehta and D Dhulla Kuppa and another vs Haji Ebrahim Haji Esmail Khunderso L and M
622-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Jamnadas Vijbhukandas Sadashev Narayen Asware Mirza M and M for trial of an issue and for hearing
461-10 Jamshedj R and D Ramlal Himalal vs Gopal Nagardas Captain and V
721-09 Thakurdas and Co Massooma Syed Shahin Ally Syed Anvar Ali all and others Captain and V
632-10 Khunderao L and M Bhagwan Hakwa and others vs Dharmaji Ramaya and others Shroff D and D and Judah and S
947-08 Madhowji K and Co Fulchand Serowji and others vs Bagarmal Serowji and others
Malvi H M and R For Postponement
477-10 Pestonji R K and Co Liladhar Motichand and Co vs Jadhowji Morarji and another Jehangir M and S Captain and V
549-10 Mirza M and M Kalidas Nsrayendas and Brothers vs A W Campbell and others Wadia G and Co Little and Co (settled)
547-10 Payne and Co Lalji Naranji and another vs Jamnadas Vijbhukandas Hiralal and Co
578-10 Payne and Co Jettabhai Dewji and Co. vs Jadawji Morarji Jehangir M and S
1153-09 Shamrao M and H Maneckji Dosabai Dava vs Piraji Narayen Vunjari and others Jehangir M and S
488-19146 04 Madhowji K and Co Ramkissondas Balkissondas vs Panti Fatechand.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice ROBERTSON.)

For Judgment in Chambers.

Long Cause.

449-09 Captain and V Luckmichand Ramchand and others vs The G I P Ry Co Little and Co

Short Cause.

1046-10 Nanu H and Co Lanibai Widow vs Yeshwantrao Pitale Sabnis and G

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

755-05 Ardeshir H D and Co Maneckbai widow and another vs Bapuji Dhunjibhoy Bansji and others Payne and Co
951-09 J R Patel and Co Ibrahim M Hassan vs L Hassambhai Matubhai J and M and J R Patel and Co.

Chamber Matters for Disposal in Court.

48-93 Bhaishanker K and G Ebji Umersey and others vs Ramkisson Rajroop and others Wadia G and Co
48-93 Wadia G and Co Ebji Umersey and others vs Ramkisson Rajroop and others Bhaishankar K and G

Long Causes.

750-10 Daphtary F and D George Cargall Gillespie vs Jane Gillespie and another
689-10 Jamsetjee R and D Mulji Haridas vs Heptoola Esufally and others Unwalla and P
101-10 Little and Co Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal and another vs Venilal Vizbhukandas and others Hiralal and Co
213-93 Madhowji K and C Jivraj Cooverji v Ramdas Keshavji Payne and Co
710-09 Matubhai J and M Benibai vs Bai Gulab widow and others Madhowji K and C
323-09 S B Metha Thacker Bhimji Kora vs Ratansey Sunderdas and others Mansukhlal J and H
548-10 Crawford B and Co Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patil Vithaldas Sunderdas and others Khunderao L and M

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

947-10 Mehta and D Dulla Koopa and another vs Syed Ahmed Abdul Rehman Thakurdas and Co
749-10 J R Patell and Co. Ebji Umersey a firm vs Killick Nixon and Co a firm Crawford B and Co.
649-10 Payne and Co Haji Gulab Mahomed Azam vs Cursondas Natha Nanu H and Co
600-10 Malvi H M R Harnandrai Phulchand a firm vs Lachhminarayan Bhattanlal a firm and another Mulla and M.
612-10 Bhaishankar K O Mathuradas Vasanji Khimji vs Narotumdas Thakordas and others—Mehta and D Little and Co.
628-10 Shamrao M and H Pragji Damodar vs Khimji Jairam and others—Tyabji D and Co Payne and Co Hiralal and Co.
706-10 Mulla and M Mahadeo Kamaji vs Bhimabai widow and another Bhaishanker K and G.
713-10 Mulji and K Jamnabai and another vs Ahmed Suleman-Thakurdas and Co.
555-10 Pestonji R K and Co Devidas Madhowji and others vs Rustomji Ardeshir Kapadia —Mulla and M.
16500
618-10 Mulla and M Radhakissondas Dwarkadas Motilal Jawanmuil and others Ardeshir H D and Co.
572-08 T A Ghandi Halimabai widow vs Shaikh Ahmed Sheik Saleh Mahomed Mistry and others In Person S B Mehta.
930-08 T A Ghandi Gorakhram Dungerseydas and another vs Messrs Khetsidas Lachhminarayen—Mulla H M K.
475-08 Khunderao L and M Bawa Ibrahim Duda vs Murbai and others Kanga and S Smithano B and Co.
430 09 Payne and Co Sidick Haji Hussein vs L James Master of S S Djebout and another Crawford B and Co.
684-09 In person Esmail Ebrahim vs Jacob Haji Esse and anr Jamsetji R and D.
863-09 Jehangir G and B Bhika Gamma vs Vithoba Shantaram Karoot Malvi H M B.
930-07 Captain and V Mahomed Azunns Cuttay vs Abdoola Bin Ali Saheb Coor and ors Payne and Co.

THE GREAT NERVE REMEDY.

PROF. JAMES'
ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

Quiets the Nerves, gives Refreshing Sleep to the Nervous and Overworked. Restores Health, Vigor and Vitality. For Sleeplessness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Nervous Headache, Nervous Indigestion, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Failing Memory, Nightmare, Heart Weakness, Nervous Prostration and other similar diseases resulting from a weakened condition of the Nervous System.

They are not a stimulant but a nerve builder, a most valuable and effective combination of harmless nerve-restoring remedies known to medical science. Absolutely harmless, yet quick in their action. They assist nature in rebuilding the nerves, and do it in a natural way, not causing the nerves to feel stimulated only while they are being taken, as do some nerve medicines, but gradually restoring the enfeebled nervous system to a perfectly healthy condition.

Read the following evidence:—

Mr. C. S. REDDI, Chittoor, writes:—Your bottle of Prof. James' E. T. Pearls, I call them gems: they did me immense good so please send another big bottle by V. P. P.

Mr. FELIX D. COELHO, Bela Vista, Calicut, writes:—I am glad to inform you that your famous Prof. James' E. T. Pearls proved a boon in my case. They are Pearls as you call them and not pills Please send another two bottles by V. P. P.

S. Sgt. J. ELDER, S. T. C., Nowshera, Punjab writes:—That the Pearls are giving excellent result Please send another four bottles as early as possible

Price Rs. 2 per Bottle of 40 Pills.
Rs. 1-14-0 per bottle of 25
Pills. V. P. charge extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
No. 150, Jooma Musjid, Bombay.

MOTOR MAGNETOS, FULLER" PATENT SELF-STARTING ATTACHMENT.
Start car from dashboard without turning the engine
Two types: Standard and Self-starting.

Latest and best. No other Magneto can compete with it.

Made Five World's Records on THAMES CAR.
"Your Magneto is all that can possibly be desired. It could not have run better than when it established five new records on Brooklands Track on Tuesday last, the 10th instant."
(Signed) W. T. CLIFFORD-CARP.
"The Magneto you supplied to me in April this year is still working as well as ever, and it has given me the greatest satisfaction in every way. I maintain that new magnetos on the market can touch it," &c., &c.,
(Signed) G. H. BANKES.
The Winning Boat was fitted with Fuller's Self-Starting Magneto British Motor Boat Club Regatta, September 14, 1907, Cabin Cruiser K. L., won 15 mins handicap. . . . . "The Magneto ran exceedingly well, and we certainly shall recommend it to all buyers of our engines."
(Signed) KING & Co
FULLER ACCUMULATORS, BATTERIES COILS CHARGING SETS, AND ALL MOTOR ACCESSORIES
Sole Agent in India, D. R. DADY,
Ghur h Gate St, and 5, Waterloo Mansions, Bombay

Rheumatism Conquered.
That hideous and fearful monster which has tormented humanity for ages—Rheumatism—is conquered!
Little's Oriental Balm has dealt it a death-blow.
No tongue can describe the misery produced by Rheumatism— but YOU know its terrible tortures, and YOU need the ready aid of Little's Oriental Balm.
Rub it in—It will drive the pain away, ease the aching muscle and restore joints and limbs to their original healthy condition.
Little's Oriental Balm is no experiment. It has a record of many thousands of cures in all parts of the world. Its marvellous power over pain is not a matter of opinion but a matter of proven fact.
Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout India.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
ZIG-ZAG
BEST CIGARETTE PAPER

PREPAID TO YOUR PORT.
Ten Days' Trial allowed. Direct from Factory. Highest-grade British-made MEAD COVENTRY FLYERS
WARRANTED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Defiance Puncture-Resisting or Non-Resisting Tyres. Coasters. Variable-Speed Flyer or Brook's Saddles, etc.
LATEST MODELS £3.10s. to £5
Tyres and accessories at half usual prices. Write at once, using sufficient postage. Free Art Catalogue and Special Offer sample machine. Agents wanted.
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Dept. 323. LIVERPOOL

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.
INSTANT RELIEF.
Agents:—H TREACHER & Co., Bombay & Poona.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.
A Female Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house as on the first sign of any irregularity of the System a couple of Pills may be administered. Those who use them recommend them to their enquiring sale. At all Chemists and Stores or post free Rs. from MARTIN, Potters, Chemists, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 3 points up, New York 10 up and New York Futures were 13 and 17 up.
Our market at Colaba was steady and demand from the mills and exporters being moderate prices for ready advanced by Re. 1 to Rs. 2.
Liverpool Opener showed 3 points up.
Market for New Crop was firm and there being more demand prices advanced by Rs. 2 to 3.
Business in Good Broach was done at Rs. 362 in the morning but afterwards demand originated and closed at Rs. 364 1-4.
We learn of the following purchases:—

Bengal Hand Gin Fine	...	327
" F Good	...	314
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	337
" F Good	...	324
Sind Punjab Fine	...	335
" F Good	...	322
Khandesh Fine	...	359
" F Good	...	349
Dhamangaon Foolgaon Fine	...	376
F Good	...	366
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	373
" F Good	...	362
Amraoti Fine	...	373
" F Good	...	363
Veetmal Fine	...	361
" F Good	...	371
Nagpore Fine	...	386
F Good	...	376
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	368
F Good	...	378
Methia Fine	...	358
" F Good	...	348
Broach Gin Fine	...	363 March
" F Good	...	373
Broach Gin Good	...	363
Sawginned Good	...	376 May
Comptah Gin	...	378 "
Westerns H. G	...	357 "
Do M G	...	363 "
300 Rurzian Mills ... Amraoti	...	365
200 Japan Trade Co ... Khandesh	...	344
100 Indo China ... Karanja	...	355
100 Ephitone Mill ... Khandesh	...	325
100 A Moritz Co ... Do	...	330
100 Swan Mill ... Do	...	332
100 Calcutta Land ... Agra	...	300
100 Narandas ... Multan	...	296

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 18th January, 1911:—

Khandesh	2,503	Bales
Central India	1,171	"
Barsi and Nagur	40	"
Berar	...	"
Central Provinces...	78	"
Comras	2,792	"
Dholleras	1,283	"
Broach	...	"
Coompta and Dharwar	...	"
Westerns	...	"
Bengal N. W. P.	1,168	"
Bengals Rajputana	351	"
Rajputana...	...	"
Sind	324	"
Persia	3	"
American	...	"
Egyptian	5	"
Other sorts	...	"
Total...	7,453	

LIVERPOOL, January 19.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quieter.
Estimated Sales ...	10,000
Total Imports ...	32,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Jan.—Feb.	7·86+ 3
Feb.—Mar.	7·86+ 3
Mar.—Apl.	7·87+ 3
Apl.—May	7·87+ 3
May—June	7·88+ 3
June—July	7·86+ 3
July—Aug.	7·84+ 3
Aug.—Sept.	7·64+ 3
Sep.—Oct.	7·28+ 3

METALS.

We quote:—

Copper Braziers 4 x 4	..	21	
		28	Rs. 53 12
		35	
		42	
		56	
		63	
		70	Rs.55 4
		77	
		84	
Yellow Metal Sheets	..	21	
		28	
		35	" 45 0
		42	
		49	
		56	
Tin Ingots	...	...	" 49 12
Georgshutte	...	...	" 20 8
Copper Sheetings	...	...	" 59 0
Yellow Metal Sheetings	...	...	" 47 4
Copper Ingots	...	...	" 46 12

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, January 18.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	GOLD, Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Coin, Other coin. Rs.
7 Bundles ...	.....	2,400	394
20 Boxes.....	.....	15,00,000	.....

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 20th January.

20. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Companies 6 inch Mk VII Gun Drill at Middle Ground on Saturday 21st instant at 5 p.m.
Dress—Khaki and Helmets.
21. Parades—D B F Specialists and Disl Numbers of both Companies will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. and proceed to Middle Ground for instruction under the Adjutant.
Dress—Khaki and Helmets.
24. Musketry.—The Rifle Range of the 104th Wellesleys Rifles at Santa Cruz will be available for Spoon Competitions and practice on Sunday the 22nd January 1911. Ranges 200 and 500 yards.
Train

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
19	Pundua	Morton	Zanzibar, Jan 8
	Ehrenfels	Socken	Hamberg, Dec 15
	Beswada	Hanyiyn	Calcutta, Jan 6

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
19	Australien	Monton	Marseilles
	Treinfels	Diedrichan ...	Hamburg, &c
	Kola	Morrison	Busreh, &c
	Sali	Baldwin	Colombo

The steamer Rolleby Mackenzie for Trieste via Karachi, obtained her portclearance yesterday.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Vorwarts for China, &c.
" Pundua for Persian Gulf.
" Ehrenfels for Rangoon.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	From
11	Nairn	Calcutta
13	Camberwell	London
14	Axenfels	Middlesbro
16	Thongwa	Straits
16	Lindenfels	Antwerp
16	Mombassa	London
17	Palamcotta	Negapatam
17	Lindula	Rangoon

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Sicilia, arrived at London on the afternoon of the 18th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Matiana, arrived at Plymouth on the evening of the 17th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan MacNeil arrived in London on the morning of the 18th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Benares (Homeward bound) arrived at Marseilles on the morning of the 17th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Franz Ferdinand, from Japan left Colombo on the 18th instant and is due here on Sunday the 22nd instant morning.

DAILY EXPORTS—JAN. 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Glasgow s—1,601 cwts maize and 1,800 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 5,000 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

Scindia s—187 bales wool, M Balia ; 251 bales goat hair 349 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy ; 4 bales goat hair and 3 bales wool, Haji Mahamed Sulaman and Co ; 53 bales wool, N Goculdass ; 24 bales wool, P Premjee ; 120 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 100 bales cotton waste, W Damjee ; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 5 bales wool, 39 bales goat skins, R M Kooka ; 69 bales wool, G Goomanmull ; 30 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—3,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 30 bales cottonfly, N Damjee.

City of Glasgow s—4,000 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Marsinfels s—330 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 226 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 685 bales cotton, J A Digbie and Co ; 2 2 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 55 bales cotton, Dawadkar and Co ; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Company.

FOR LONDON.

Salsette s—1 bundle ivory, K N Meani.

Caledonia s—110 bales hemp F Khoobchund.

FOR MIDDLESBRO

Bassano s—2,666 tons manganese ore R A Willis.

FOR BARCELONA.

Scindia s—300 bales cotton, Bamjee and Co.

City of Glasgow s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay Company.

FOR BOSTON.

Scindia s—115 casks goat skins M J Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR HULL.

Lord Cromer s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 11,874 cwts cottonseed, and 2,100 cwts castorseed, Arjoon Kaimjee 2,000 cwts cottonseed, S Cooverji and Co.

Norfolk s—8,000 cwts castorseed, and 51,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, S Cooverjee and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hurst s—1,500 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co; 4,000 cwts groundnuts, 6,000 cwts poppyseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 10,000 cwts groundnuts and 2,000 cwts poppyseed K Devchand and Co; 175 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 60,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed and 2,091 cwts nigerseed, M Valabhdas; 385 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

Dan of Airlie s—100 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

Trowbridge s—1,000 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Dan of Airlie s—300 bales cotton, Diwadkar ; 400 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,500 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 100 bales cotton, E S Spinner and Co; 475 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 750 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 13,005 cwts gingellyseed and 10,001 cwts linseed A Bisschek and Co; 3,036 cwts linseed M Valabhdas; 100 bales cotton, the Bombay and Co.

Hurst s—2,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros; 1012 cwts linseed, Valabhdas; 11,007 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Etonian s—58 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts groundnuts, K Dewchand and Co; 100 bales hemp and 310 bales cotton, K Vishram and Co; 169 bales hemp, J A Bigbie and Co.

Norfolk s—2,000 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co.

Calidonia s—250 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co.

Chyebassa s—220 bales cotton, Diwadker and Co; 715 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co; 1,016 cwts myrabollams, W Becher, 4000 cwts wheat S Cooverji and Co; 1,760 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 184 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

Cheybassa s—440 bales cotton, Gaddun and Co; 110 bales cotton, Moritz and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—1,070 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 715 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 68 piecsteak board and 717 pieces teak Saw Mills Ld ; 501 bales cotton, The Bombay Company.

FOR VENICE.

Rolleby s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

Africa s—200 bales cotton, the Bombay Company.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Varwaerts s—702 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 250 bales cotton, The Mitsui Busan Kaisha 360 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton, Trading Co.

FOR MOJI.

Hakata Maru s—579 bales cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Co.

Vorwaerts s—407 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Vorwaerts s—2,850 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 1,050 bales cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha 800 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 700 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 302 bales cotton, Khimji Dewraj and Co; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Hakata Maru s—76 bales cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, 850 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 500 bales B Jairaj and Co ; 300 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 300 bales cotton, Tata and Sons and Co; 500 bales cotton, H Goculdass 200 bales cotton, M N Esabhoy ; 300 bales cotton, The, Japan Cotton Trading and Co; 500 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co

FOR OSAKA.

Vorwaerts s—150 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Africa s—170 cases gum, R Damji and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Scindia s—6,000 cwts kajoo R, Damji and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Vorwaerts s—378 bales cotton twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 300 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

Hakata Maru s—300 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

WHEN YOU HAVE FAILED TO GET THROUGH OTHERS JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE IN

BUNGALOWS,
FLATS,
OFFICES,
SHOWROOMS,
AND
GODOWNS

CONSULT US.

We have places in all localities TO SUIT all requirements.

LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
55, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT.
P. O. BOX 239.

MALARIA.
NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,
is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

CHOLERA.
"ZAM-ZAM."
A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.
☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

PIANOS
FOR SALE
FOR HIRE
On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.
SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.
WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.
MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 20th January 1911.

TIBET AND INDIA.

A PRACTICALLY forgotten page of Indian history has been reopened by Mr. L. A. Waddell in the "Asiatic Quarterly Review." He writes of the Tibetan invasion of India in A. D. 647 and its results. In the middle of the seventh century, as he shows, the Tibetans were one of the greatest military powers in Asia and far excelled the English of those days in social organisation and virility. Moreover their self-restraint was remarkable, for their invasion was not one of those aggressive waves of Huns which had swept over Europe and Western Asia a short time before. It was a punitive expedition to avenge an insult offered to a relative of their King ; and for a time Tibet became the suzerain of India. Pondering over their departed glory the Lamas probably forget that what they were capable of then is no longer within their power and that forgetfulness has led them into all their recent troubles. The whirligig of time brings in its revenge. They who brought anarchy to India are now distracted and overborne by enemies on all sides. The effect of their invasion was complete anarchy in India, of which Dharasena IV., King of Valabhi, the modern Guzarat, at once took advantage, assuming the imperial titles, and thus inaugurated the permanent separation of the Kingdom of Valabhi from the northern Empire. The first modern account of the invasion is shown to be the work of European students of Chinese history, who discovered several references to it in the annals of the T'ang Emperor. The subject escaped observation till 1880, when M. Stanislaus Julien brought it to notice, and a year later Dr. Bushell of the British Legation at Peking furnished extracts from the T'ang chronicles ; after which Professor Chavannes published translations of the Chinese inscriptions left at Bodh Gaya and elsewhere in India by the leader of the invading army, while one of the edicts discovered by Mr. Waddell at Lhasa contained a reference to Tibetan wars with India. The absolute silence of the Tibetan history books and native tradition, Mr. Waddell ascribes to the want of established literary method, or probably more accurately to deliberate suppression by the Buddhist monks who compiled the extant histories. Tibetans venerated India as the sacred land of Buddha, whence they derive their faith, and to ascribe to the king of that period, Srong-tsan, a blood-stained invasion of India would be tantamount to sacrilege; as this king is the chief canonised saint in Tibet, who introduced Buddhism and the Om-mani formula into the country, and is even now believed to be incarnate in the head of that Church, the Dalai Lama.

The new and the old T'ang histories vary in detail very considerably, but the general statements agree. The chief of rights and archivist was sent on a remission to India when all the kings of the four Indias sent tribute to the court. The king who reigned in Central India died at the time and the country fell into anarchy. The Minister usurped the throne and with barbarian troops took the field against the Tibetan. The mission was overwhelmed and the tribute was plundered by the barbariane, the envoy fled, called the Nepalese to the assistance of the Tibetans and three thousand barbarians were decapitated, the usurper and twelve thousand prisoners were taken and thirty thousand herd of cattle, whilst ten thousand men, fell into the streams and men drowned. "Then India trembled." Five hundred and eighty walled towns submitted. There is the story told, in a word. Dr. Bushell's translations give it more fully. The invasion, however, is oredited to China by some writers, but the ancient Chinese records themselves ascribe it to Tibetan arms. Tibet at that period was undoubtedly a great military power and master of Nepal, a fact which explains why both versions of T'ang history, in stating that the fugitive envoy fled from India to Tibet, make no mention of Nepal as intervening between the two countries, because Nepal was Tibetan territory. Tibet, at that time too, was absolutely independent of China. The King Srongtsan was a famous warrior, who, the T'ang annals state "was by nature fond of war as well as a clever tactician," had annexed large tracts of Western China. He also by force of arms compelled the Son of Heaven to accede to his demand for the hand of an imperial princess only six years before. The latter circumstance is held to explain why the Tibetan king responded so promptly to the appeal for his help by the envoy of his father-in-law ; also why he permitted the Chinese envoy to proceed through Tibetan and Nepalese territory to and from India.

Mr. Waddell traces the march of the invading force and indicates the spots where the principal battles were fought. He shows too that military operations were continued after the king had been taken prisoner and that a second journey was made by the same envoy who had been so sourvily treated, for the purpose of offering robes at the sacred Buddhist shrines. Not only was he not molested, but he made a leisurely progress through mid-India as an honoured guest of the various provincial sovereigns and passed on to Northen India and thence over the Pamirs back to China by way of Turkestan. The captured Indian king was presumably liberated, possibly even reinstated, but a statue to him was erected at the entrance to the Imperial tombs amongst the most renowned feudatories of the Celestial Empire. The fact that the wives and sons of the king, a camp of ten thousand persons, and all sorts of domestic animals, were captured near at hand on the bank of the Gandaki river, implies to Mr. Waddell's mind that he was the local king of Tirhut. Over Nepal the Tibetans appear to have retained their authority until the break-up of the Tibetan monarchy in the middle of the ninth century, upon the ruins of which ultimately arose the rule of the priest kings of Saskya and Lhasa. Mr. Waddell is able to show that the effect of this intimate contact with India was profoundly civilising and he believes that it is to the relations which followed the invasion that Tibet probably owes not only her Buddhism in great measure, but also her written language. At the invasion Tibet was not a Buddhist country, only becoming so a hundred and fifty years later. Until the year 640 the Tibetan language does not appear to have been reduced to writing and the so-called Brahmi letters of the present day are merely a reproduction of the alphabet current only in Mid-India about the middle of the seventh century—the epoch of the invasion. It thus appears probable to Mr. Waddell, beyond that he will not go, that the introduction of writing into Tibet also occurred during this invasion and as a direct result of this contact with Indian civilisation.

A TIMELY DECISION. THE question of religious prohibition to Hindus to travel to Europe has been very keenly discussed of late and has become particularly interesting just now on account of a general desire among well-to-do Hindus to visit England in order to see the coming Coronation. Several hundred Hindus are seriously thinking of taking, to them, the very momentous step of going to England in a few months to witness the historical ceremony of the Coronation and also to seek enlightenment. They do not want to defy caste by so doing, but, on the contrary, seek to propitiate it if possible. The tyranny of the Hindu caste system is well-known, and though advancing education and enlightenment have done much to weaken it of late. Yet it asserts itself every now and then, whenever it has an opportunity. The authority of priests is almost always found to uphold it and to make the system still more rigid, But we note with pleasure a gratifying exception to this, in a proclamation recently published by a very high ecclesiastical authority of Hinduism, the head priest or Shankarcharya of Dwarka. Dwarka holds something like the place of Rome among the Hindus of Gujarat and other places, who look up to him as their Pope. His Holiness of Dwarka has not indeed proclaimed that Hindus may visit Europe just as they are free to travel in India. He has not gone so far as that. But he has declared that if those who return from Europe propitiate their caste by certain ceremonies, they should be taken back into the caste and their offance condoned. At first sight this would appear to be not much. But certain reactionaries recently refused even this much to those of their brethren who were bold enough to go to Europe. A typical case occurred lately at Patan in Gujarat in which a Hindu who had gone to Paris for purposes of trade was refused readmission into his caste even after he had performed the purificatory ceremonies imposed by Hindu scriptures. The caste men protested that he had wilfully gone to France knowing that his act was forbidden, and that no ceremonies could expiate the deed. The man appealed against his caste-fellows to Dwarka for upholding the validity of the purificatory ceremonies performed by him and for sanctioning his readmission into his caste. His Holiness had little difficulty in doing this and quoted in his proclamation, a work of great religious authority, which leaves no room for doubt on the point. He has gone further and set a very good example by holding the leading men of the caste, who had refused readmission to the Paris-returned Hindu, guilty of preferring a false charge against him and by prescribing religious punishment. This decision of a very high ecclesiastical authority will, we hope, have great influence on Hindu society, especially on the reactionary and ultra-orthodox part of it, which would put out of caste altogether all its members who show the boldness to go to Europe, and will strengthen the hands of those who intend to visit England next June.

SLEEPING-SICKNESS COMMISSION. THE announcement that the British South African Chartered Company's Commission on sleeping sickness is about to commence its work is of interest and importance to India, for it is only by the close investigation of the causes and nature of this disease, that we may ever be assured that it is not to be added to the number of scourges which decimate this country. The possibility of the appointment of such a commission has been discussed for some time and it is satisfactory to know not only that it will commence its investigations as soon as possible, but that in its work it will not lose sight of any assistance which it may possibly derive from the Portoguese on the frontiers. One of its earliest efforts will, no doubt, be to solve the question whether the new species of the tsetse fly, which was recently discovered, is the real carrier of the disease. On this question depend issues of considerable importance and it is, therefore, worth while to recall briefly, the latest evidence on the point, which was contained in the mail papers of a few weeks ago. In the valley of the Luangwa, a tributary running north-east from the Zambesi, a number of cases of sleeping-sickness have occurred, both among whites and natives. In this district, no *Glossina palpalis*—the fly heretofore supposed to be the source of infection—have up to the present been discoverable, the nearest region in which the fly lives being some four hundred miles to the north-west. Up to the present all preventive measures taken by the various Governments and commissions have been in regard to this fly, the location of which has been clearly defined. An elaborate map of Africa has been prepared in which the various *Glossina palpalis* areas have been specially coloured, and, wherever possible, the belt infested by this insect has been cleared and the inhabitants removed to a healthy zone. If this new theory is proved conclusively, the measures to be adopted in the future will have to be of an infinitely more extensive nature inasmuch as while *Glossina palpalis* inhabits clearly defined areas along rivers, lakes, etc., the newly suspected carrier is to be found in zones, much less easy of limitation, extending as far south as Zululand and the north of the Transvaal. The newly suspected fly is another species of tsetse fly known as *Glossina morsitans*, as has been said, and is to be found much further south than the *palpalis* and in regions where the latter is unknown. A number of cases have been lately reported from Rhodesia, and in the case of a European patient from that country, who died in England, *post mortem* examination revealed the presence of a sleeping-sickness parasite of a different character from that known, leading to the belief that the disease was carried by another fly. Whether subsequent investigation will show that the cases in the area, where the *palpalis* was undiscoverable may some period of the year, it is impossible at this stage to say. But on these and other questions we hope that the Commission will be able to throw valuable light.

OWING to the delay to the inward English mail this week, the departure of the Karachi mail steamer will be postponed until after the arrival in harbour of the s.s. "Salsette." The Karachi, Sindh and Persian Gulf mails will consequently not be closed at the Bombay General Post Office until 5 p.m. to-day. In connection with the late arrival of the mail, it has been suggested and lest it should escape the notice of the Postal authorities, we repeat it, that the bags be landed at Ballard Pier instead of at the Apollo Bunder, where, on the last occasion of a late arrival, night was made hideous by the coolies and cartmen engaged in the work of handling them. As no passengers are likely to land at, or after, midnight, the utilisation of Ballard Pier would in no way interfere with the work of the Customs officers. Moreover that place of landing would be more convenient than Apollo Bunder as it is in close proximity to both the Post Office and the Railway Stations.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Himalaya" with the homeward mails of the 14th instant arrived at Aden at 12-30 a.m. yesterday.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Persia" with the outward mails of the 13th instant passed Suez at 7 a.m. yesterday.

AN "Indian Daily News" special cable states that Mr. Lloyd George is convalescent and is returning to London.

SIR EDWARD BUCK proceeds to Naples from Bombay, this week, and will again represent India at the Agricultural Conference in Rome.

THE following pamphlet has been proscribed by the Bombay Government:—"Mulk Madah" (*i.e.*, Mother Country) written in Sindhi and printed at Hyderabad Sind.

THE Government of India have sanctioned the Church of England Orphanage at Mussoorie being added to the list of institutions recognised under the Shelter scheme for widows and orphans of the British soldiers.

THE following Press communique has been issued in the Education Department. The Secretary of State has appointed Mr. George Stewart, M. A. (Glasgow University), to the Indian Educational Service as Professor of History in the Muir Central College, Allahabad.

AN informal meeting has been held at Bareilly to talk over the preliminaries of the Provincial Conference to be held there during Easter. The Hon'ble Mr. Leslie Porter will leave Allahabad, for Bombay, on Thursday, en route to England, and will be back at the end of March.

THE Government of the United Provinces seems to have referred the question of the separate representation of Mahomedans on local bodies to the Municipal Boards for opinion; for, recently, the Ghazipur Board considered the subject and resolved against such separate representation.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending January 14, was 722, giving a death-rate of 38·39 per annum per thousand as against 28·34, the corresponding period of last year, and 33·39 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 58 died from fevers ; 13, plague ; 1, small-pox ; 24, measles ; 5, cholera ; 4, leprosy ; 35, phthisis ; 41, diseases of the nervous system ; 207, affections of the respiratory organs ; 27, diarrhœa ; 38, dysentery ; 24, still-born ; 113, old age and debility ; 39, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 24 ; Brahmin, 19 ; Bhatia, 6 ; Hindu of other caste, 345 ; Hindu low caste, 83 ; Mussulman, 184 ; Parsi, 18 ; Jew, 6 ; Native Christian, 23 ; Eurasian, 6 ; European, 7 ; Negro-African, 2; and Buddhist, 1. The total number of births was 380, as against 389, for the corresponding period of last year, and 406, the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 30.

CHRISTMAS.

THE weather on the second Christmas Bank Holiday was more wintry than has been experienced since November. In London and over the South-country generally there were several hours of brilliant sunshine in the morning, but in the afternoon a small amount of snow fell, accompanied by a cold northerly wind. In the latter part of the day, the weather was not conducive to the comfort of holiday-makers, of whom large numbers had been attracted out of doors by the fair promise of the morning. A walk through the streets of the West-end, shortly after eight o'clock on Monday night, gave the passer-by-an impression that the holiday crowd was staying at home or was in the country. The streets were empty ; one could walk quickly along the pavement without risk of jostling ; one could secure a table at a restaurant, where late dinners are usually to be found in plenty. A visit to the same quarters of London, some two hours earlier last night, showed what was the true state of affairs—the crowds of London were being swallowed up by the threatres and music-halls. Walking westward at six o'clock one came on an already large crowd waiting outside the Aldwych, and those who were at the same time departing from the matinee saw a second batch of people ready to take their places. The most wonderful concourse of all was that seen a few minutes later waiting at the Lyceum. It began at the main doors of the theatre in Wellington-street stretched round the corner into the Strand, thence in unbroken line to the Burleigh-street corner, where there was a short break to allow a passage and then the queue began again and extended far up Burleigh-street to the theatre's back doors. For a little space the pavement traffic of the Strand became a trifle less congested, but fresh crowds soon came in sight as one neared the Vaudeville and discovered the visitors to that theatre extending to a point where they came back to back with that which would in time enter the Adelphi. Coming out of the Strand into the narrower-places, one found that the pavement in St. Martin's-lane was wholly insufficient for pedestrian traffic. Here again, at the Coliseum, was the spectacle of a large matinee crowd meeting an evening one of almost equal dimensions. Even in the middle of the road one was in danger of being run down by the stream of departing people but happily there was extremely little wheeled traffic in the neighbourhood at that hour. Further westward the same sights were repeated at most of the theatres, and the observer wondered at what hour the first hero had arrived to take his or her place in the line. Many must have stood for considerably over two hours before the doors were opened and when that moment did arrive the face of the last man in the queue was a study in grief and perplexity.

THE PALLADIUM.

The new and magnificent place of entertainment, the Palladium, near Oxford-circus, was opened yesterday, judging from the expressions of delighted surprise and admiration heard on every hand, this latest addition to the wonders expectations. Nothing more palatial of its kind could be imagined. It is indeed the "last word" in the sciences of catering for public amusement. Architecturally, the Palladium is a marvel. The modest but tasteful frontage conveys little idea of the interior vastness and sumptuosness. Although there are only three divisions to the auditorium—ground-floor stalls, grand circle, and circle—seating accommodation is provided for 5,000 persons, so that, taking the two performances yesterday, well over 10,000 people, including those using standing room, attended. The feeling of mere vastness is not, however, the prevailing impression conveyed by this amazing interior. In spite of its extraordinary dimensions, it gives the onlooker a sense of cosiness and warmth. Bright hangings and upholstery enhance the prevailing feeling of warmth, and in addition there is a system of lighting by electricity and limelight which can only be described as dazzling. Add to these pleasures the attractions of two gorgeous lounges at the rear of the stalls and the grand circle—the Palm Court and the Louis XV. Salon, where teas and light refreshments may be served to a thousand persons at a time—and it will be seen that the Palladium will be hard to beat as a rendezvous for the amusement-seeking multitude.

THE CHILDREN'S PLAY.

"Peter Pan" has passed into a classic. It has led the way in a new type of theatrical production ; it has achieved success and merited it. Seven years' lease of life finds it still flourishing. The management of the Duke of York's Theatre were well advised when they decided on this revival for the Christmas season. The theatre was crowded both at the matinee and the evening performances ; the audiences were enthusiastic, and the bookings for future performances indicate the big "business" that will be done. The triumph of "Peter Pan" was the triumph of Miss Paulina Chase. Her advent, on "the wings of the wind," was cheered to the echo.

WHAT WE SHALL COME TO PRESENTLY.

I sometimes wonder whether before long we shall see the conventional attire of the ladies disappear altogether in favour of the modern counterpart of the bloomers of former days. It seems to me that female attire becomes every year more "mannish," and a curious evidence of this appeared the other day, when a manufacturer of petticoats was reduced to bankruptcy by the falling off in demands for his wares ! Not only in the daytime, when they go shooting and golfing, do ladies dispense altogether with underskirts, but they have also adopted the plan of wearing when in full evening dress, beneath the scanty skirt that fashion decrees, garments and hose such as a beau of the eighteenth century would have proudly appeared in. What with their exceeding great stature (one hardly ever sees a short woman in these days) their playing polo and riding to hounds astride, their accompanying the men out shooting, and even shooting themselves, last but not least the fashion and cut of their garments, one cannot help feeling that the "elegant female" will soon become as rare as the dodo, or the all but vanished hansom cab !

WOMEN AND THE "ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA."

On Tuesday, December 13, a dinner in celebration of the part taken by women in producing the 11th edition of the "Encyclopædia Britannica" (now in the press) was held in the Savoy Hotel, Mr. Hugh Chisholm, the editor, presiding. We are enabled to produce below the greater portion of the speech made on that occasion by Miss Janet Hogarth, the head of the female staff. We have here with us to-night the women contributers to the 11th edition of the "Encyclopædia Britannica," and this is, we believe, the first occasion on which the share of women in producing a great work of learning has received public recognition. It is, therefore, a very great occasion, an epoch-making occasion, and a day to which women in the future will be able to look back with pride and pleasure. There are women here present whose memories go back beyond mine, and who will, I am sure, bear me out when I say that five and thirty years ago a woman capable of the higher flights of scholarship and science had to be content to hide her light under a bushel. I remember very well hearing a publisher friend of mine tell how when the then editor of an important reference book fell ill, the work was carried on for more than a year by two ladies of his family, the sisters of a well-known Dean. They did the work excellently, so well indeed that the publisher was exceedingly sorry when their brother recovered. But their editorship has never been acknowledged because the publisher felt that public confidence in the book would have been rudely shaken if it had ever got out that it had been even temporarily under feminine editorship. But to-night we are celebrating the work of women representing education, scholarship, literature, travel, sociology, science, phylosophy, medicine, and history, who have all contributed to the great book, and whose fitness to do so would receive instant and general acknowledgment.

ADVANCEMENT.

What does this wide range of feminine activity prove ? It proves that into the last four decades women have compressed the work of four centuries. In 1875, when the ninth Edition was beginning, there were as yet no women's colleges at Oxford, and only two very small, and one might almost say experimental, institutions at Cambridge. To-day you do not ask about a clever, well-informed woman "Was she at a University ?" You are surprised if you find that she was not. In 1875, women had only just got into the Post Office, now they are there in their thousands. They are even in that most conservative of all institutions, the Bank of England, and there are 60 women in the Bank now. Women clerks, indeed, are everywhere, they have practically the monopoly of secretarial work, they are book-keepers and accountants in all the great shops, but 20 years ago where would you have found a woman in the counting-house of a great business concern ? Seventeen years ago there were no women inspectors of factories. To-day, if she will forgive my saying so, Miss Adelaide Anderson is both a power and a terror in the land. Or again take the profession of journalism. Twenty years ago you could count women journalists on the fingers of one hand. To-day the women are everywhere, even in printing House-square, though, if rumour tells the truth, they had to slip in there by a stratagem. With the exception of the law and the Established Church, which remain close corporations, women have become a recognized part of the professional world.

TURKEY.

How few when enjoying their Christmas turkey, know how he came by his name. For he never came from Turkey or any country belonging to Turks. He was brought to Europe from Mexico. An old writer, trying to explain the name, writes: "It is called 'Turkey' because it came to us from Mexico via Constantinople." That the Turkey did not take long to reach England is evident from the fact that Shakespeare, who lived so short a time after the discovery of Mexico, speaks of it at least twice ("Henry V." and "Twelfth Night"), in each case referring to it as "turkey-cock."

CORONATION ROBES.

It is understood that it is the intention of the King and Queen to wear the same ceremonial robes at their Coronation as were made for and used by King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

The gold thread in those that was used for the pallium was the purest that could be worked, and the infinitesimal alloy that was unavoidable was of silver. The surface shows a beautiful shimmer of light, which has become even more lovely with the years that have very slightly modified the first look of newness. Upon it were worked, at the Royal School of Art Needlework, the Eagles, symbolic of the wearer of the Crown of England, and the Rose, Shamrock, and Thistle. But the Fleur-de-lis had long ceased to have any significance, and King Edward by the happiest of inspirations, had it replaced by the Lotus of India. The colouring is most skilfully chosen, for the centre of the Rose is pearly white, shading into an old pink, and from that to crimson. In the design it alternates with the Eagle in white, into which some silver threads are worked, and the wings are touched with purple ; while the Shamrock is in green, with a skeleton tracery of gold. In the next row of ornamentation is the Imperial Crown, in a rather flat shape, outlined in violet and silver, the Thistle, in bright clear purple, with greyish-green leaves, and the Lotus is in silvery grey, with a golden centre. Connecting these and running over the surface of the pallium are branches of laurel, indicated in rather more than outline in beautiful iridescent threads of blues, mauves, and bronze. The whole is lined with rich crimson silk. The traid-mantle of the Queen was designed by Mr. Fredrick Vigers, F. R. I. B. A. Queen Alexandra herself selected the wonderful shade of ruby purple of the velvet, and the choice, as all agreed, was exceedingly successful, as it fell into harmony alike with the Imperial purple worn by the Princesses of the [illegible] robes. It is 18ft. in length, and three full breadths of the velvet in width. Standing boldly in the centre is the Crown, with the Genesta, the badge of the Plantagenets, from which springs a rose-tree. Downwards the roots are entwined with the Norman Fleur-de-lis ; upwards, the Thistle and the Shamrock lead up to the Star of India, and culminate in the Crown of St. Edward. The finest gold thread is used throughout, with very slight and judicious touches of violet and green in the Irish and Scottish emblems. At intervals upon it are some thirty representations of the Imperial Crown. The bordering is carried out in three parts, the centre being of branches of oak, linked by the croix pate, and worked directly upon the velvet. On either side of this runs a galon of gold lace, which technical experts pronounced to be the most perfect example of metallic weaving ever effected. The ground is of the "ruddy gold" colouring, and the device of roses, connected by running stems, is in the paler form of the metal. The inner bordering has a design of oak-leaves and acorns, against which the Rose and Fleur-de-lis are in high relief.

LORD DECIES' ENGAGEMENT.

There will be another Anglo-American peeress at the Coronation of 1911. Lord Decies is engaged to Miss Vivien Gould, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Gould, a couple who are in the front rank of New York millionaires. The bride-elect is a charming girl, with all the smariness of the typical American. And her mother is still a young-looking, attractive woman, well-known for the splendour of her jewels, and also for her yachting proclivities. Most of these precious gems were the gift of Mr. George Gould and include a high tiara, said to be worth £30,000, and a diamond collar priced at £25,000.

A GOOD STORY.

I heard a good story of a Duke and his agent who went electioneering together during the recent campaign. At a hotel in the North, they were smilingly accosted by a prominent citizen who wished to ingratiate himself with the wearer of strawberry leaves. To the Duke quoth he: "Will your grace take some refreshment ;" to the agent, "Won't you have a drink ?" The distinction is delightful. A Duke would not, of course, condescend to take anything but "refreshment." A mere agent might naturally be expected to drink like an ordinary mortal.

"NEW ERA IN PETROLEUM INDUSTRY".

The new era to be opened in the petroleum industry, reported by Reuter, was explained by an authority on the oil trade to a "Bombay Gazette" representative. The inauguration of the enterprise, it was stated, would secure, near Europe, an oil supply under British control. It is of special importance that, should Great Britain add to her Navy ships propelled by oil-fuel, we should have a base for the supply of these ships and Suez, which will be connected with Gemsah by a pipe-line, is admirably situated for this purpose.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

THE services of Captain F. C. Fraser, I. M. S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department with effect from the date of relief.

Mr. A. C. J. Bailey, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Poona, vice Mr. D. M. MacDonald proceeding on leave.

Mr. G. C. Shannon, I. C. S., held charge of the special duty for the settlement of the criminal tribes in the Bijapur District, in addition to his own duties, from 16th June to 14th August (both days inclusive).

Mr. O. H. L. Napier to act as Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, vice the Honourable Mr. H. Murray retiring, pending further orders.

Mr. D. A. Thomson, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals, is allowed such privilege leave as may be due to him on 7th April, or subsequent date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to fourteen months.

1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Surgeon Major A. A. H. Deane is granted six months' leave out of India, and Lieutenant E. C. H. Condon is granted sixteen months' leave out of India.

Major A. F. W. King, F. R. C. S. (E.), I. M. S. was granted privilege leave of absence for thirty-one days with effect from the 14th November.

Mr. W. L. Strange, M. Inst. C. E., is appointed Chief Engineer in Sind, and is promoted to Chief Engineer, 2nd Class substantive pro tem vice Mr. T. Summers, D. Sc., M. Inst. C. E., permitted to retire, Mr. Strange will have charge of the office of the Secretary Indus River Commission.

Major F. M. Westropp, R. E., is appointed as a temporary measure, to act as Superintending Engineer, Southern Division, in addition to his own duties as Executive Engineer, Belgaum District, vice Mr. W. L. Strange, M. Inst. C. E.

Mr. W. P. Cowie, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate in charge of the Eastern Sub-Division of the East Khandesh District.

"O.T."
A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS AND STORES.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	" "
Cheeter, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 3 0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

FRAMING OF HOME RULE BILL.

Entrusted to Cabinet Committee.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 18.

It is stated on good authority that Government has decided to appoint a committee to consider the whole question of Irish finances, and also that a Cabinet Committee will be appointed to frame the Home Rule Bill.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

Lord Courtney has written a letter to Mr. Thomas Sexton, Chairman of the *Freeman's Journal* Company, saying that Unionists must recognize facts and must prepare for Home Rule. He declares, with emphasis, that, for Ireland to be self-governed, she must have a representative assembly with Ministers responsible thereto.

The Irish Parliament must be as representative as possible. Lord Courtney suggests two or three constituencies each returning five members, while the rest of the country would be divided into three member constituencies.

Welsh Threat to Become Nationalists.

It is announced at Cardiff that there exists a written pledge whereby the Welsh members undertake, if Mr. Asquith does not introduce the Welsh Disestablishment Bill immediately after the Parliament Bill to cease to be Liberals, and to become Nationalists similar to the Irishmen.

Election Recounts.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

Mr. Justice Channel has ordered recounts at Gloucester, Mile End and Chippenham.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Lord Lansdowne, in a letter to the Unionist Peers, hopes that they will be regular in their attendance at Parliament, as the Session promises to be of more than usual importance.

The Irish Nationalists.

LONDON, JAN 19.

At a meeting of the National Directory in Dublin, the resolutions passed included one of thanks to the United States and the Dominions for their support, thus making possible the defeat of the unscrupulous opposition forwarded by Tory gold.

At a banquet in the evening, Mr. Redmond said that they were on the eve of consideration of the terms of a Home Rule Bill. They had a double guarantee that it would be a measure for full self-government, namely, the assurance of Mr. Asquith, who was an honest man, and their own power.

Referring to Lord Courtney's letter, Mr. Redmond said that they would not tolerate the ascendency of any class or creed in the Irish Parliament.

The Osborne Judgment.

Mr. Keir Hardie, speaking at Cumnock said that the Labour Members would insist on the reversal of the Osborne judgment. They would not accept the payment of members as an alternative.

GERMAN SUBMARINE DISASTER.

Three Men Dead.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

Reuter wires from Kiel, that two officers and the seaman in the conning tower of the submarine are dead.

BERLIN, JAN. 18.

The President of the Reichstag to-day, made an announcement regarding the submarine accident. He said that the Reichstag would honour the memory of the victims, as if they had fallen in battle.

The House listened standing.

Identity of the Victims.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

The three men, who lost their lives in the conning tower of German submarine, were Commander Fischer, Lieutenant Kalbi, and a sailor. They remained in the conning tower to superintend the beaching of the submarine, and their escape was cut off from beneath. When extricated, the three bodies showed slight signs of life, but efforts to bring them round were fruitless.

The others, who were rescued, were utterly exhausted and were taken to hospital.

CHAMPAGNE RIOTS IN FRANCE.

Damage at Perrier Warehouses.

EPERNAY, JAN. 18.

Extraordinary riots have been occurring among the labourers in the Champagne district.

A mob of two thousand, at Damery, headed by a red flag, wrecked the establishment of M. Achille Perrier, smashing thousands of bottles of champagne and staving in barrels. The contents flooded the principal hall and flowed into the street.

The damage is estimated at four thousand sterling.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The outbreak at Damery in the Champagne district is due to the acute penury of the agriculturists who are without work through the failure of vineyards and from other causes. They complain that big wine firms are importing foreign wines instead of relying only on local vineyards.

THE HOUNDSDITCH AFFAIR.

Inquest on the Remains.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 18.

At the inquest on the Sidney Street remains to-day, the verdict was that the bodies were those of Joseph and Fritz. The former died from a shot in the shoulder and the latter was suffocated.

The jury considered that more stringent regulations for the control of the entry of aliens were necessary. They praised the behaviour of the police and the firemen.

A feature of the proceedings was the evidence of Mr. Winston Churchill. He said that the circumstances were most extraordinary, and consequently he thought he had better come and see for himself. He took full responsibility for not allowing the firemen to extinguish the flames, as they would most certainly have been killed. It was quite untrue that he took charge of the police arrangements or interfered with them. In conclusion, he said, he would like personally to testify that police throughout, were perfectly willing and eager to rush the building at any moment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The *Indian Daily News'* London correspondent cables:—Mr. Churchill, in his evidence in the Sidney Street Inquest, said that he did not interfere beyond suggesting that the crowd should be moved outside the line of the fire, and supporting the order restraining the Fire Brigade. He testified to the readiness of the Police to rush the house. The jury recommended more stringent measures for dealing with criminal aliens.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE MIKADO.

25 Persons Condemned to Death.

TOKIO, JAN. 18.

[illegible] persons accused with them, were to-day sentenced to death for conspiring against the life of the Emperor and other Imperial personages. Two others were sentenced to eleven and eight years' imprisonment.

The trial was in secret, but the passing of the sentence was witnessed by diplomatists and prominent Japanese.

One of those sentenced to death rose and shouted "*Banzai!*" Thereupon the others sprang to their feet, and Kotoku, raising his hands above his head, cried 'Long live Anarchy!'

He was quietly removed, accepting his fate smilingly.

AMERICAN COTTON INDUSTRY.

Five Weeks' Curtailment Agreed to.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

At a meeting of the South Carolina Cotton Manufacturers, representing four million spindles, it was decided to order five-weeks' curtailment of the working of mills between April and September, or, beginning earlier at the option of the individual manufacturers.

Similar action was recently discussed by New England and the other sections.

Action in New England.

BOSTON, JAN. 18.

The Arkwright Club, consisting of the treasurers of most of the New England cotton mills, has recommended a curtailment of the production of cotton cloth by 25 per cent.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA.

Prince Alexander's Possible Appointment.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The *Standard's* Ottawa correspondent says that the possible appointment of Prince Alexander of Teck, as Governor-General, is the subject of informal communications between Ottawa and Downing Street.

BRIGANDS AT CASA BLANCA

French Force Ambushed.

PARIS, JAN. 18.

Telegrams from Casa Blanca state that brigands have ambushed a French column, which was proceeding to arbitrate in a native land dispute, and have killed five men, including a lieutenant and a quartermaster, and wounded six.

UGANDA CATHEDRAL.

Further £4,000 Wanted.

LONDON, JAN. 18.

In a letter, Bishop Tucker of Uganda announces that he has received rather over £6,000 in response to his appeal on behalf of the Uganda Cathedral. He appeals for another £4,000, pointing out that the people of Uganda themselves are raising £10,000.

In the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Calcutta, the "Hitabadi" was granted further time until the 30th instant to find the five thousand rupee security required of it under the Press Act.

THE FORTIFICATION OF FLUSHING.

German Support for Holland.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 18.

The *Koelnische Zeitung*, referring to a statement by M. Pichon, Foreign Minister, in the French Chamber, regarding the fortification of Flushing, says that M. Pichon's statement is very remarkable.

It is difficult to understand, that journal says, how a nation, without restrictions of neutrality, can be forbidden to execute plans for the defence of its own territory. Germany will not lend a hand to such a limitation of the Netherlands' sovereign rights, as M. Pichon appears to suggest.

The *National Zeitung* criticising M. Pichon's attempted tutelage of Holland, declares that it never occurred to Germany to attempt to influence the Dutch Government.

Both articles are apparently inspired.

THE HAGUE, JAN. 18.

Contrary to rumours, Mynheer Colijn, the new War Minister, has no intention of withdrawing the Coast Defence Bill.

RUSSIAN FISHERIES.

A Test of the Entente with Britain.

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 18.

Britain has made serious representations to Russia, regarding the proposed twelve-mile limit to the fisheries in the White Sea, and in the Government of Archangel. The result of the representations is awaited with interest as a test of the Anglo-Russian Entente.

AVIATION.

Clever Performance at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, JAN. 18.

The aviator, Mr. Ely, started twelve miles southward of the City in a Curtiss biplane, landed on the deck of a cruiser in the harbour and returned to his starting-point.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Mr. Ely's feat at San Francisco is regarded as remarkable, it being the first time that an aeroplane has alighted on, and flown from, a ship. The aeronaut was guided by the cruiser's syren, and landed on the deck lightly and easily.

ARAB RISING IN THE YEMEN.

Large Turkish Force Despatched.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The Turkish Government has resolved to send thirty battalions of infantry and a strong force of artillery into Arabia for the purpose of finally crushing the resistance of the Arabs, both in Assyria and in the Yemen.

HEALTH OF THE BRITISH ARMY.

Good Report by Sir T. Gallwey.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Speaking before the National Service League Sir Thomas Gallwey said he had just completed his report on the health of the Army. A British soldier was now-a-days more healthy than he had ever been. Admissions to hospitals last year were only half what they had averaged in the previous five years.

MR. LODGE RE-ELECTED SENATOR.

Mr. Roosevelt's Support.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Mr. Lodge has been re-elected Senator for Massachusetts, after a sharp campaign in which Mr. Roosevelt intervened by vehement denunciation of the Congressman Ames, who had accused Mr. Lodge of corrupt practices.

IMPERIAL BOXING.

Heavy-weight Championship.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

In a fight for the heavy-weight championship of the Empire at Olympia, Lang, of Australia, was disqualified in the first round for unfairly hitting his opponent, Seaman Curran, when the latter fell on his knee.

The fight was awarded to Curran.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The death is announced of Sir Francis Galton.

[The late Sir Francis Galton, F.R.S., D.C.L. (Oxon.), Hon. Sc.D. (Cantab), was born in 1822 and educated at King Edward's School, Birmingham, the Medical School, King's College, London, and Trinity College, Cambridge. In 1853 he was awarded a gold medal by the Royal Geographical Society and was elected under rule 11 to the Athenæum Club in 1855. He received the gold medal of the Royal Society in 1886; the Huxley Medal, Anthropological Institute, 1901; the Darwin Medal, Royal Society, 1902; and the Darwin-Wallace Celebration Medal, Linnean Society, 1908. In 1902 he was made a fellow of his college at Cambridge. During the period, 1850-52, Sir Francis Galton explored Damaraland and Ovempoland. He was for many years on the Council of the Royal Geographical Society and a member of the Meteorological Council from its origin in 1868 up to 1901. We was Secretary of the British Association from 1863 to 1868, President of the Geographical Section in 1862 and 1872 and of its Anthropological Section in 1877 and 1885. He was also President of the Anthropological Institute from 1885 to 1888, and Chairman of the Committee of the Kew Observatory of the Royal Society in 1889-1900, when it became merged into the Nation Physical Laboratory. He has issued many publications on travel, meteorology and on the study of finger prints.]

SLEEPING-SICKNESS CONFERENCE.

Sittings in London.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The Conference on sleeping-sickness is being held daily at the Foreign Office. It has been convened by the Imperial Government as a result of representations emphasizing the danger of the spread of the disease as a consequence of construction of the Rhodesia-Katanga Railway.

The Delegates are two Belgian representatives, Dr. Neave and Dr. May, representing the Railway and Chartered Company respectively, and representatives of the Foreign and Colonial Offices and the Sleeping Sickness Bureau.

Sir Arthur Nicolson welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Imperial Government and referred to Sir Edward Grey's great interest in the efforts to fight the scourge.

The Conference is discussing in detail methods and suggestions for a further study of sleeping-sickness, particularly as regards preventing its spread in view of the extension of railways in Africa.

CROWN PRINCE'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 19.

Sir John Hewett left Allahabad, last night for Ahraura Road station, to meet the Crown Prince of Germany there. His Imperial Highness arrived at that station yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, and went out shooting at 8 o'clock with the Lieut.-Governor.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The Crown Prince attends Divine service at the Scotch Kirk on Sunday the 12th February in Calcutta.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 19.

His Excellency the Governor of Madras has received an extension of four months of office as Governor of Madras, so he will not be leaving until July or August next.

Their Excellencies held a State Reception in the Banqueting Hall, last night, when His Excellency decorated Mr. Michie Smith of the Kodaikanal Observatory and Mr. A. Y. S. Campbell, his Private Secretary, with the C.I.E. Medals. The function was largely attended and was a great success.

LONDON SLANDER ACTION.

Heavy Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

An *Indian Daily News* special telegram, dated London, January 18th, says:—In the the West Case the defence called no witnesses and submitted that the action was a sham one, the object being not to reinstate the plaintiff socially but to injure a man who is not a party to the suit.

The verdict was for the plaintiff, the damages being £1,250.

This action was one brought by Mrs. Horace West against her father-in-Law, Sir Algernon West for slander.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN HINDU FREEMASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The death is announced of Mr. Prosano Comar Dutt, a man, well-known in Masonic circles. He was a produce broker in Calcutta, by occupation, but was better known as the first Hindu Freemason. He was initiated in Lodge "Anchor and Hope" on the 13th of June, 1872, and became the Master of the Lodge in December, 1873. This was the first occasion in the history of Freemasonry when a Hindu had become the master of an English Lodge. Mr. Dutt took a keen and active interest in Masonic affairs. He filled several offices in the District Grand Lodge, and was appointed a Deputy District Grand Master of Bengal, by Sir Henry Thoby Prinsep, then District Grand Master. He held similar high offices in the Grand Mark Lodge and the Supreme Royal Arch Chapter. In recognition of his great services to Freemasonry and to Lodge "Anchor and Hope," the members of that Lodge presented in 1888 to the District Grand Lodge a life-sized portrait of Mr. Dutt in Masonic regalia.

CHARGE AGAINST A SOLDIER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

Yesterday, Sergeant C. Rose, of the West Kent Regiment, was produced before the Honorary Magistrate of Sealdah, with seventeen other soldiers of the same regiment, from amongst whom he was picked out by Mrs. M. Cruickshank as the soldier who had annoyed her in a train between Barrackpore and Naihatti on Christmas Eve. Rose was released on bail for trial on the 24th instant.

KABULIS FINED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

Eighteen Kabulis were to-day fined sums ranging from Re. 1 to Rs. 5 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for having been members of an unlawful assembly in connection with the recent Calcuta disturbances.

CATTLE DISEASE IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 19.

Foot and mouth disease amongst the cattle is very bad in some villages in the Thaton Districts. This is due to the bad habit of allowing sick animals to graze with healthy ones.

DURING the week ending January 17, 734 1-2 chests of opium were removed from the Bombay Government Warehouse. Of these 732 1-2 chests were shipped per s.s. "Arcadia" for China, and two chests were purchased by the opium farmer at Cambay. Six chests were imported into Bombay from Indore.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Civil and Military Scale of Pay.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The following Resolution has been issued:—The system of promotion in the executive and assistant classes of the Royal Engineers serving in the Public Works Department (including the Railway Department) has been revised by a Public Works Department Resolution. The old graded system of promotion was replaced, as in the case of the Civil Engineers, by a incremental scale of pay with effect from March 8, 1908, but the actual rates to be drawn under the incremental scale were fixed only for the Royal Engineers already in the Department. These rates were arranged to correspond as nearly as possible with their expectations under the graded system of promotion. In paragraph 5 of the Resolution, it was stated that orders would be issued later in regard to the pay of future entrants.

After careful consideration of the case in all its bearings, it has been decided that there is no justification for offering the Royal Engineers' higher rates of pay than the enhanced rates sanctioned in 1908 for the Civil Engineers of the Imperial Service. The Governor-General-in-Council, with the approval of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, is accordingly pleased to rule that the Royal Engineers who entered the department after February 11, 1910, shall draw pay under the Civil scale recapitulated below and in accordance with the rules laid down in the Public Works Department Resolution, in so far as they apply to Civil Engineers of the Imperial Service:—

Assistant Engineers, 1st year of service, maximum pay, Rs. 380; 2nd year, maximum pay Rs. 420; 3rd year maximum pay Rs. 460, 4th year, maximum pay Rs. 500, 5th year, maximum pay Rs. 540, 6th year, maximum pay, Rs. 580; 7th year maximum pay, Rs. 603. 8th year of service, maximum pay Rs. 660.

Executive Engineers, 9th year of service, Rs. 700; tenth year, Rs. 750; eleventh year, Rs. 800; twelfth year, Rs. 850; thirteenth year, Rs. 900; fourteenth year, Rs. 950, fifteenth year, Rs. 1,000, sixteenth year, Rs. 1,050, seventeenth year, Rs. 1,100, eighteenth year, Rs. 1,150, nineteenth year, Rs. 1,200, and twentieth year, Rs. 1,250.

The method of calculating the rate of pay admissible to a Royal Engineer officer under the Civil scale will be the same as that adopted in the Resolution of February 11, 1910:—that is the first year of service will be reckoned to commence two and a half years from the date of the first commission. Although more favourable on the whole, the rates of pay in the Civil scale are lower in some instances than the emoluments drawn at a similar stage in the Military Works Service, and in order to protect the Royal Engineers' Officers from initial loss on entering the department, it has been decided, if their emoluments in Military employ at the date of transfer exceed the rate of pay admissible under the Civil scale, to grant them the difference as a personal allowance until it is absorbed by future increments under the latter scale.

MIDNAPUR DAMAGE SUIT.

Mr. Norton's Opening Address.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

At the High Court to-day, before Mr. Justice Fletcher, Mr. Norton concluded his opening address on behalf of the police defendants in the Midnapur Damage Suit. Referring to the allegad motives, counsel said, that it was to extort money from the Rajah of Narajol and others, as to Mr. Weston it was said that he shared in a lakh of rupees handed over to Sir Audrew Fraser, but that was a mere bazar gup, no evidence was called, and there was no evidence to justify it. What was the common motive actuating Mr. Weston and the two police officers? There was no suggested motive and yet his Lordship was asked to find that he stooped to do a thing which was repulsive to any one who had any sense of honour. He was asked to find that not only his clients but Mr. Weston and Mr. Nelson, Captain Winman, Mr. Brett, Mr. MacPherson, Mr. Duke and the Deputy Magistrate were all concerned. In these eleven officials, nine of whom were Europeans and two Indians, were brought into a case which rested upon the veracity of these persons who had all been dismissed from Government service. Peary was dismissed years ago Santosh was no longer in the police, and Ashutosh was no longer in the Postal Department. It was said that the issue in this case was really an issue between the plaintiffs and the defendents. With great respect, he submitted that it was not the real issue which was far more wide-reaching in character. The real issue is between the plaintiff and his partisans on the one side and the proper Executive administration of the country as a whole on the other. If this case succeeded, then the position become this—a system of terrorism would be brought into force which would tie the hands of all Executive Officials and make them hesitate to do what their conscience told them they should do, because, not only would their motives be questioned in a court of law, but a whole crowd of witnesses would be brought.

The first witness examined for the defence was Inspector Nagesh Chandar Sen. Witness described the state of affairs in Midnapore between 1905 and 1908. He said that the pleaders and doctors enforced Boycott and levied fines on shop-keepers for selling foreign goods. About Rs. 1,000 was realised in fine by Mr. K. B. Dutt and the money was spent in demonstrating the release of Bepin Chandra Pal from jail.

Witness will be cross-examined to-morrow.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

It is notified that the Secretary of State has sanctioned the proposal that Havildars-Major of the British Mountain Batteries with three years' service in that rank, and not less than 24 years' total service, should be eligible on retirement for an honorary pension of Rs. 15 a month.

It is ruled that service in Burma is Foreign Service for the purpose of the grant of the foreign-service kit allowance.

The future designation of the Coast Defence Establishment of Indian Gunners and Marine Lascars late Harbour and Coast Defence Lascars will be "Indian Coast Artillery."

COLONEL Q GLEADOWS NEWCOMEN, C. I. E., has been invalided Home and thus severs his long and useful connection with Cawnpore and commerce in India.

IN the current Government Gazette, the Governor-in-Council has issued new rules for the election of the elected members of the Finance Committee of the Bombay Legislative Council.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Municipal Budget for 1911-12.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held, yesterday afternoon, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, the President, occupying the chair.

The Board resumed consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1911-12.

Dr. Dinshah Bomonji Master, resuming the discussion, remarked that he was a mused and surprised to hear members one after the other talking about a good surplus cash balance. A proper surplus balance was only that amount which could remain after all the necessary works had been undertaken. The Corporation had a number of works to undertake with regard to the water supply, and without carrying out those works if a surplus balance was shown it was no surplus balance. In this manner they could show a surplus of Rs. 50 lakhs if they wished to. Under the circumstances he thought the Standing Committee's proposal to reduce the water tax was not a desirable one. He thought they should conserve their resources and until all the necessary works were undertaken they should not spend away the balance.

Mr. Pherozo Sethna said that the present Budget could be termed a Prosperity Budget as it was a budget on which they had reason to congratulate themselves. Excepting only one item there was not much room left for any comment. That item, on which so much had been said, was the question of the reduction of one anna rate charged to the consumers of water for trade purposes. In the Budget, they had half a lakh to utilise to benefit any one class of water consumers. The one anna reduction or the fixing of the water rate at 7 annas from 8 annas per thousand gallons to be charged to the industry was worthy of being given and being received. Of the different classes of consumers the case of those who consumed water for trade purposes was the strongest. Examined arithmetically, if the benefit of that fifty thousand surplus was given to the house-owners, the ratio would have been one rupee per annum per every house in the city. This was hardly worth while.

Mr. Haji Yusuf Haji Ismail said that he was a mill-owner if the house-owners were given some relief, he would be benefited; but justice required him to candidly proclaim that the industry deserved the benefit and the proposed reduction was quite desirable.

Mr. Joseph Baptista disagreed with the remarks of the Chairman of the Standing Committee. The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy had termed the Budget a Prosperity budget, but he begged to submit that they could only congratulate themselves on a Prosperity Budget when they were in a position to reduce their taxation. On the contrary their taxation, exceeding the general tax on the houses, their taxes were at the maximum. Their surplus was the barometer of prosperity and their surplus if the figures were scrutinized properly, there was not a satisfactory surplus. But the Standing Committee had to work with consideration and shrewdness too. If there was any prosperity to be noticed it was Irish prosperity, but they did not want Irish prosperity. Mr. Cadell had within six months secured an admirable grasp of the Bombay Municipal Budget. But he did not say he had checked the growth of expenditure and limited the development to two and a half lakhs. He had [illegible] was the time the Corporation voted the Commissioner a status at once. The Chairman of the Standing Committee and other irresponsible members said that the development were checked within the limit of two and a half lakhs. It was not so. The expenditure had been growing to the extent of four to five lakhs. He wanted the Municipality not to check or retrench expenditure and reduce themselves to a third-class Municipality. They must, he urged, rise to the occasion, and to cope with the growing expenditure they must find new means and fresh resources of revenue. He did not object to the reduced rate charged for water supply to the trade and industry. The police charges, Mr. Baptista was afraid, would go up by two lakhs or more in the absence of the check of the Accountant General on the Commissioner of Police.

Mr. J. A. Wadia said that after listening to Mr. Baptista for over half an hour he found that he wanted to make out one point, namely, that the expenditure was enormously growing. But he must know that this time their contribution to the Improvement Trust had come to over eight lakhs of rupees. They had reached the maximum figure and in spite of it they were able to balance their expenditure and revenue, still reserving two per cent. out of house tax. One more point he wished to speak upon was the queer attitude of some of the members. When there was an urgent cry for encouraging industry and supporting Swadeshism some—and especially Indian—members opposed any proposition that was brought forward to support industry.

Mr. P. R. Cadell, the Municipal Commissioner, speaking generally on the debate, thanked the members of the Corporation in the first place for receiving his Budget so kindly. Even those who objected to the Budget being termed a Prosperity Budget admitted that there was no objectionable feature in the Budget. In the past the Corporation and the Standing Committee had deliberately sanctioned various items of expenditure as they had found a large surplus in hand. Now, if the surplus went down they could again build it up by economising several items of expenditure which were not included among urgent demands. With regard to Mr. Baptista's remarks the Commissioner said he entirely agreed with them. He had not allowed any increase in establishment or expenditure in that direction and that had considerably checked the growth of the expenditure, but it did not mean that he would not come to them in future for such an increase. As to the term Prosperity budget he said different persons had different ideas. The Chairman of the Standing Committee stated that it was a Prosperity Budget, because he knew that the Municipality was far away from bankruptcy and when he found the statement very satisfactory he called it Prosperity budget.

Sir Bhalchandra took exception to Mr. Baptista's remark about the police charges. He said that Sir Pherozeshah had made a mistake in accepting the compromise, but Sir Bhalchandra thought the step was one such as shrewd politicians would take.

Mr. Ebrahim Bahimtoolla said there was nothing to defend the step taken by Sir Pherozeshah.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhai, replying to the debate, said that in spite of remarks made to the contrary the budget was one in which there was not a single feature to which objection could be taken.

The revenue side of the budget was then passed, except the water-tax item, as there were many amendments against it.

The Corporation then adjourned until the 30th instant.

R. I. M. S. "DUFFERIN."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN 19.

R. I. M. steamer "Dufferin" arrived here this morning with the following troops on board:—27th Mountain Battery for Abbottabad; 18th Company, 3rd Sappers and Miners, for Quetta; 4 Officers, 306 men, 5 women, 7 children; 2nd Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers, to rejoin headquarters at Karachi. The 27th Mountain Battery will proceed by a special troop train to-day at 8 p.m. The 18th Company 3rd Sappers and Miners, will be sent to Quetta in four parties on January 20, 21, 22 and 23rd.

PUNJAB LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 19.

The Select Committee of the Legislative Council to consider the Punjab Municipal Bill, which has had four sittings already, will meet again on the 26th, 27th and 28th instant to consider the Bill. The Financial Sub-Committee of the Legislative Council will meet on the 20th instant to consider the draft Financial Statement.

MR. B. K. FINNIMORE is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Buildings and Roads Branch, vice the Hon'ble Mr. A. S. Thomson retired.

BOMBAY BAPTIST CHURCH.

Foundation-Stone Laid.

Yesterday afternoon the Hon'ble Sir Henry E. E. Procter laid the foundation-stone of the Bombay Baptist Church at Colaba in the presence of a large number of ladies and gentlemen belonging to that church and others taking interest in the institution.

In the unavoidable absence of Rev. Herber Anderson, Secretary, Baptist Missionary Society Calcutta, Mr. James Macdonald was called to the chair.

The proceeding opened with a hymn "In the name which earth and Heaven ever worship, praise and fear." The Rev. Fawcett Shaw then led the assembly in prayers.

The next item on the programme was the statement by the Church Secretary, Mr. C. E. R. Gordon. Mr. Gordon said that before proceeding to give his statement he liked to express on behalf of the church his heartiest congratulations to Sir Henry Procter on his recent well-merited receipt of the title of Knighthood conferred upon him, and to say how grateful they were that the very first public function that the Hon'ble Sir Henry performed after being knighted, was the laying of the foundation-stone of their church.

In giving his statement, Mr. Gordon said that the Baptist Church was first formed in 1867 and for about five years they worshipped in private dwellings in Colaba and Byculla. As the accommodation was very limited they found it necessary to raise a fund to build a chapel and the foundation-stone of the church buildings in Byculla was laid on 12th February, 1872. Among those present on the occasion were the Rev. John Bowen and the three well-known missionaries, Rev. Kerry, Rev. Marshmand and Rev. Ward. Owing to the migration of this section of the populace, they felt that in order to be self-supporting they ought to get to the people. Feeling difficulties in 1907, they approached the Society in London and urged them to do something and in the end of 1908, their present pastor, the Rev. H. E. Farrell who had done great work in this city was prevailed upon to come back after an absence of about eleven years. Mr. Barrell came in December 1908 and found a complete change. A move was made and contrary to all expectations and prophecies, the present site was purchased for Rs. 36,000 and odd. Although the site was far away from the Fort, they decided to erect the church on this site in view of the contemplated reclamation scheme and as there was no other Nonconfirmist church in the neighbourhood. In conclusion, he said that they believed in the Providence of God and prayed for success to this church in extending the Kingdom of Christ.

The Chairman then briefly addressed the meeting. He said that it was a matter of regret that he was called in that place, because he lost the very interesting address from the gentleman who was to occupy the chair on the occasion. He believed it to be a wise step that the place of Byculla had been given up for the present site. He was sure that the work done by the church had been and was lasting and he hoped that the work done under Mr. Barrell would be good, nay, a great deal better. The speaker had very great regard for Mr. Barrell and he was satisfied that a better change could not have taken place than in the latter's regime. He was sure that Mr. Barrell's light would benefit the whole neighbourhood.

SIR HENRY'S ADDRESS.

Sir Henry Procter then performed the ceremony of stone-laying and said that he considered it a great honour to be called upon to lay the foundation-stone of that building, but he never thought when Mr. Barrell requested him to perform the ceremony that he would have had to deliver a speech. As already stated the church was established in Bombay forty years ago at Byculla and its present removal to this place was necessitated by the migration of the population to this part of the City. The site was, however, an admirable one in view of the great development and reclamation schemes which were under contemplation. As to the work of the Baptist Church, what struck him most was the great ministers it had produced and the no less abler men among them was their present minister, Rev. Mr. Farrell. He thought that in view of the present day materialistic tendency among their people there was a great work before the church in making men and women seriously believe what they believed about religion. For example, if they really believed that God was their father, Christ the Saviour and Redeemer, and the Holy Ghost their source of power, there would not be so many nominal Christians as they found. It is among these men and women that the church and its members could do an immense amount of work. These people ought to be taught that religion formed the integral part of their lives. In saying this he did not only refer to the ministers and officers of churches, but also to all members of the churches, and he urged that every one of them should so lead their life as to reflect Christ on those who came in contact with them. This was the duty of all Christians, and without it they could not expect to advance the cause of Christianity in this city and in this world.

In the absence of the Rev. Dr. Mackichan owing to illness, Rev. A. S. Chrichton, Free Church, addressed the assembly. He dwelt on the service rendered by [the Baptist Church to the cause of the Gospel and said he found that the church had made a forward move in two directions. They had recalled the Rev. Farrell whose influence would be an increasingly scriptural and powerful one. Another move was in their coming away from Byculla district to the present one which was promising from every point of view. In conclusion, he wished them God-speed in their new venture and hoped that some good work would be done among the soldiers, some of whom he saw there that evening.

The Rev. Farrell then proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman and the Hon'ble Sir Henry Procter. He said that Mr. Macdonald was well-known to them all and that it did not need many words to thank him. In Sir Henry Procter, the speaker said, they had one who was not only an excellent business man but also a faithful counsellor, a guide to the young and a believer in the supremacy of Lord Jesus. He was sure that Sir Henry's work in this city would never be lost and he doubted that his name would ever be forgotten. In laying the foundation-stone, Sir Henry had done signal service to a denomination which was the second largest in the world.

He also thanked the sympathetic Rev. Chrichton for being present and delivering an address on the occasion at a very short notice.

The Rev. Barrell next made an appeal to those present for funds. He said that about Rs. 1,17,000 would be spent after the erection of the church buildings. It was true that a considerable part of the cost would be defrayed by the sale of the old premises, but it was certain that they would be short of about Rs 35,000 when the work would be completed. It was for that that they asked for help. No doubt they would receive assistance from home, but he hoped that people here would do their best and send in their subscriptions, observing that any donation would be welcome.

The Rev. Nickamba seconded the vote of thanks, which was carried with acclamation.

The proceedings then terminated.

SALVATION ARMY COLONIES IN THE PUNJAB.

Government Contribution.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 19.

The Punjab Government has sanctioned a lump contribution of Rs. 5,000 during the current financial year and a grant of Rs. 500 per mensem during 1911-12 to the Salvation Army Settlement in the Lahore District which is to be called "Danepur" provided there are at least 200 children in the settlement by April next.

FRONTIER RAID.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN.

A correspondent reports a raid on the 12th instant of the house of Harichand of Muskhel where the raiders took away all they could lay their hands on. This is the second raid upon his house.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A MEETING of the members of the Bombay Natural History Society took place on Thursday, at the Society's Rooms Mr. H. M. Phipson presiding.

Mr. R. Gilbert, in proposing that Mr. H. M. Phipson be asked to take the chair, said that it was not often that the Society now had the chance of welcoming one who was one of the founders of the Society, and as Mr. Phipson was only making a short stay in India, they should get all the benefit they could do from his visit. Mr. H. M. Phipson then took the chair amid acclamation.

NEW MEMBERS.

The election of the following 96 new members since the last meeting was duly announced :—Mr. A. Kirke Smith, Bombay ; Lt.-Col. R. E. Dyer, Multan; Lt.-Col. R. B. Seymour Sewell, I. M. S., Bombay ; Mr. W. H. Hunter, Calcutta ; Mr. H. W. Oddin Taylor, B. Sc. (Lon), A.M.I.C.E. Satara ; Major H. Gough, I. A. Quetta ; Mr. A. E. Percy Rae, Rangoon ; Mr. M. N. Varvill, Bombay; Mr. D. Clouston, Nagpur ; Mr. F. Ludlow, Karachi ; Capt. K. G. Gharpurey, I.M.S., Andheri ; Major H. Robinson, Poona ; Capt. W. H. Leonard, I.M.S., Malakand ; Mr. B. Gale, I.M.S., Peshawar ; Mr. J. B. Jenkins, Jalgaon ; Lt. F. C. L. Grieve, Mhow ; Mr. George Girard, Calcutta ; Lt. C. M. Maltby, Upper Topa ; Capt. W. B. Spalding, Cawnpore ; Mr. A. A. Lane Roberts, I.C.S. Kulu, Punjab ; Mr. S. R. Perfect, Karachi ; Mr. H. R. Blunt, Kashmir ; Lt. A.J. Lee, I.M.S. Delhi ; Capt. G.W. Hay, Europe ; Capt. E. Burd, I.A. Rangoon ; Mr. Hugh Whistler, Rawalpindi; Mr. J.O. Higgins, I.C.S., Assam ; Capt. H. D. Henderson, Manipur ; Capt B. Fagan, Manipur ; Mr. F. M. Dowley, Bezwada ; Capt. W.G.S. Hawley, Multan ; Mr. R.O. Riley, Kandri via Kamptee ; Mr. R.N.H. Reid, Coorg ; Lt. B.C.T. Paget, Wellington, Nilgiris ; Mr. J.S. Wilkes, Russellkonda, Ganjam ; Mr. W. R. Shelton Agar, Burma ; The Secretary, Fyzibsers' Club, 36, Piccadilly, London W ; Mr F. von Book, Jacobabad, Sind ; Mr. H. A. Inglis, Anara, Liberia Sarai P.O. ; Mr. K. V. Gregory, Purna, Deccan; Mr. A. C. Duff, I.C.S., Russellkonda, Ganjam; Mr. C.C. Wilson, Coimbatore ; Mr. E.M. F. Nicholson, Bombay ; Major A.st. Fleming, I.M.S., Raipur ; Mr. W. T. N. Ryan, England ; Major W Selby, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Lucknow ; Mr. N. Calder, Lucknow ; Mr. C. H. K. Cosmen, Hyderabad, Deccan; Mr. J. F. Keddie, Baheng, Siam ; Major H. Lowther, Bolarum, Deccan ; Mr. Colin R. White, Trichinopoly ; The Mess Secretary, 18th Infantry, Ferozepore ; Mr. K. Hacker, Mandalay, Burma ; Lt. A. H. P. Cruickshank, Lahore Cantonment ; Mr. J. A. Brandon, Bombay ; Lt.-Col. J. Farmer, Punjab ; Mr. M. Wall, Punjab ; Capt. G. F. S. South, Meerut ; Mr. W. Mayes, Lahore ; Mr. H. G. Young, Ferozepore ; Mr. P. S. Gourju, Berhampore ; Mr. N. F. Peck, I.C.S., Chittagong ; Rev. E. Gombert, S. J, Trichinopoly ; Mr. N. Gupta, Bar.-at-Law, Dacca ; Mr. C. O. Lumley, Dacca ; Mr. J. L. Remington, Bandikui ; Mr. E. Boothe, Bombay ; Rev. E. E. Hill, M.A., Satara ; Mr. W. E. C. Johnson, Assam ; Capt. L. C. Thullier, Bombay ; Mr. J. F. Blackwood, Jalpaiguri ; Mr. K. L. Gordon, Ceylon ; Mr. R. C. Bodson, Sialkot ; Mr. A. K. Digby, Rawalpindi ; Profsr. B. S. O. Brown, B. Sc., Poona ; Rev. Father Joseph Asmuth, S.J., Bombay ; Mr. F. B. Wilkins, Dacca ; Mr. C. F. Coates, Lakon, C. Siam ; Mr. E. Alexander, Madras ; Mr. E. S. Peahold, B.A., Rangoon ; Capt. A. M. Addison, Rawalpindi ; Lt. R. G. Martin, Rawalpindi ; Lt.-Comdr. The Hon'ble R. O. B. Bridgeman, H. M. S. "Redbreast," Bombay ; Mr. E. T. C. Farr, Ceylon ; Capt. W. F. Reichwald, Mhow ; Lt. The Hon'ble H. G. O. Bridgeman, Rawalpindi ; Mr. A. A. L. Parson, C. S., Patiala, Punjab; Mr. R. C. Bolster, I.C.S., Dera Ghazi Khan ; Mr. J. H Luke, Narsyanganj ; Mr. A. H. Ley, I.C.S., Calcutta ; Mr. I. M. Cameron, Bagaha P.O., Champaram, Bengal ; Mr. H. F. Treeby, Ambala ; Mr. F. C. Fowle, Bombay ; Capt. G. N. Reynolds, Sangor; the Mess President 32nd Sikhs (F. F.), Peshawar, and Capt. Boxwell (Bangalore).

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

The Honorary Secretary, Mr. W. S. Millard, acknowledged the following contributions to the Museum, since the last meeting:—

Contribution.	Locality.	Donor.
Young Leopard Cat, Himalayan Palm Civet, Small Shrew and a Mrs Hume's Pheasant.	Haks, Chin Hills	Capt F R W Venning
Several Jackals, Foxes, Desert and Jungle Cats, Mice, Squirrel's and Red gehogs.	Thar and Parkar Dist Sind	Mr E Priestley, D S P
1 Stoat	Chitral	Major F Wall, I M S
2 wild Dog Skins	Kadra, Kanara	Mr W A H Miller, I F S
4 Rats, 3 Rats and a Squirrel.	Karseong, Darjeeling	Mr E A D'Abreu
1 Marmot, 2 Mouse hares and 1 Vole.	Baltistan	Mr A S Brooke
1 Bamboo Rat	Jalpaiguri	Mr A Field
Markhor head	Chitral	Mehtab of Chitral
Arabian, Thar Skin with horns.	Muscat	Capt Hunt, R N, C I E
Pair of Sambar horns	Kurnool	Mr B H Barlow-Poole
Shou head	Tibet	Through Col Manners Smith
5 Bird Skins	Baltistan	Capt F L Hughes
25 Bird Skins	Garhwal	Mr S L Whymper
Great Snipe	Bangalore	Capt Boxwell
3 Solitary Snipe	Chitral	Capt Lyall
Wood Snipe	Almora	Major F Wall, I M S
Pintail Snipe (Variety)	Bhandup	Mr J L Symons
Curlew	Panvel	Mr P M D Sanderson
Scimitar Babbler	Simla	Mr P T L Dodsworth
Marbled teal	Ferozepore	Mr A S Brooke
1 Bittern	Agra District	Mr C A Cooke
2 Swans heads	Bannu	Major H A F Magrath
1 Whooper Swan	Campbellpore	Lt Hornsby
1 Bewick's Swan	Mardan, N W F P	Major H W Codrington
2 Golden-eyed Duck	Jhelum	Lt G H Dempster
Stiff-tailed Duck	Kohat	Lt W H Logan
Snow	Bhadarwa	Home e Mr H Vernon Purkis
Little Bustard	Kashmir	Mr F J Mitchell
European Great Bustard	Jacobabad	Capt M H Simonds
Great Indian Bustard	Thar and Parkar Dist Sind	Mr E Priestley
3 Houbara	Thar and Parkar Dist Sind	Mr E C Stuart Baker
8 Bengal Florican		Do
A number of Duck &c.	Pithoro, Sind	Messrs J R C Jukes G M Dane C O Lowsley and C W Arbuthnot
274 Eggs of 50 Species.	Assam	Mr E C Stuart Baker
3 Eggs of Indian Plaintive Cuckoo.	Hyderabad, D	Prof K Burnet
A large number of snakes and Lizards.	Various localities	Major F Wall, I M S
25 Frogs and toads 20 Lizards 3 Salamanders, several centipods etc.	Kurseong	Mr E A D'Abreu
10 Frogs	Neliput Hills, S India	Mr A M Kinloch
Zamenis Gemonensis.	Muhammerah, Persian Gulf	Lt A T Wilson
Krait and Brown Tree Snakes.	Bhuj, Cutch	Mr J H Smith
King Cobra	S Lushai Hills	Mr J Masters
Burmese Krait	Shwebo, Burma	Lt Col F J Dewes, I M S
Several Snakes	Rajputana	Mr H N Colman
42 Snakes and 184 Lizards,	Thar and Parkar Dist	Mr E Priestley
1 Snake and several insects.	Ootacamund	Mrs Millard
Some fresh water fishes, frogs and crabs	Goa	Mr P F Gomes
A small collection of Butterflies	Kulu	Mr H Whistler
12 Butterflies	Pachmahri	Capt. G H Evans
1 Meteorite	Kotteir, Punjab	Genl W Osborn

Minor contributions from Major W. H. Kenrick, Major C. H. Ward, Messrs. J. H. Skelton, G. D. Ommanney, E. E. Stuart Baker, G. M. Ryan, A. H. Marshall, W. Palmer, L. Newcome, A. Marshall, B. N. Mundy, and Jaber Ali.

A WHALE AT VIZIADRUG.

The Honorary Secretary said that the Society received information from Mr. A. Wood, I.C.S., Collector of Salt Revenue, on the 11th instant, that a large whalehad been washed ashore on the rocks, about 2 1-2 miles from Viziadrug Customs House (Ratnagiri District). The Society at once sent off a man to fry and measure and obtain some information about the external characters, which are still unknown, of the Indian Fin-Whales, but unfortunately it was too late and the specimen had been broken to pieces by the sea.

From the information gained on the spot the whale measured about 70 feet in length, and was, therefore, probably a specimen of the Great Indian Fin-Whale (Balænoptera indica). It was apparently stranded on the 6th instant, and if only telegraphic information had been sent immediately to the Society, it might have been possible to have obtained some valuable information and notes on the subject. This was the second large whale which had been washed up on the Bombay coast during the last 5 years, and unfortunately they were still without any information as to the external characters of the Indian Fin-Whales.

SPECIAL APPEAL FOR THE COLLECTION OF MAMMALS.

The Honorary Secretary then drew the attention of members to the urgent need of good specimens of Indian Mammals, in which not only the Society itself, but even the South Kensington Natural History Museum, London, is most deficient than is generally realized.

He considered the question of such importance and he felt sure that in this he had the support of all those interested in Natural History, that he had drawn up a special appeal for funds to meet the expenses of two-trained collectors whom it was proposed to bring out from home to collect Indian Mammals for the Society.

This would be the first real attempt to collect Mammals in India, which as far as he knew had never before been systematically worked.

This appeal, he was glad to say, had met with a response, which seeing that the list was opened only a week ago, might be considered encouraging.

All subscriptions would be acknowledged in the Society's Journal, and subscribers would be informed from time to time of the progress made in carrying out this important work.

He appealed not only to members of the Bombay Natural History, but also to anyone interested in Natural History, who would recognise that a work of this kind was not only of value to Science, but of interest to themselves ; in that it supplied a want which was keenly felt even in the premier Museums of the World.

This was, he said, the first appeal for funds which the Society had made since its foundation in 1883, for any of its various enterprises in Natural History, and, therefore, it was hoped that it would meet with the response it deserved.

A MARINE AQUARIUM.

The Honorary Secretary said that during a recent visit to Madras, he had the opportunity of inspecting the Marine Aquarium and it so impressed him with its excellence that it occurred to him that members of the Bombay Natural History Society might care to hear some details about it, and possibly by bringing it before the notice of the public, the description of it might influence some local benefactor to give to Bombay a similar institution which would prove to be both popular and of educational importance.

The Marine Aquarium, at Madras, was the first institution of its kind in India, if not the first in the tropics. It owes its inception to Lord Ampthill, who while Governor of Madras, drew up in conjunction with Mr. Edgar Thurston, Superintendent of the Madras Museum, the first rough plan of a public Aquarium. It was constructed in 1908, by the Government of Madras, at a cost of about Rs. 15,000, the object being for Educational and Scientific purposes and an annexe to the Presidency College and also for the general public.

The building is a low, unpretentious brick edifice and is situated on the seaward side of the famed Madras Marina, less than a hundred yards from the sea. The site is very similar to that of Chowpatty. The main entrance leads into a large paved area with a central fresh-water pond and fountain, and on either side are five tanks with plate-glass fronts, lit from above each measuring 7 × 3×3 1-2 feet. The entire seaward side of the central area is occupied by a large open tank at present stocked with turtles ("Chelone Mydas"). On either side of the entrance passage are two rooms designed for Committee meetings, storage of materials etc., and one of them is at present is occupied by the aeration plant.

With the exception of two tanks for fresh water fish (at present containing species of "Megalops, Ophiocephalus, Notopterus," etc.,) which are oxygenated by living "Vallisneris," the remaining eight tanks contain salt water, which circulates from tank to tank and in addition are supplied with air from two compressor cylinders, forced into each tank through a Berkfield filter candle. At present the cylinders are filled by hand pumps, but the use of an oil engine is contemplated. Seawater is conveyed to a covered well in the rear of the Aquarium along a pipe filled by hand at the seaward end. From the well it is pumped into filter beds, and from these passes to large elevated cisterns, whence it is distributed to the tanks. The shore water, on the Madras Coast, is so disturbed by the surf that this filteration is unavoidable at present, though the removal thereby of small organisms is undoubtedly a drawback. The water which has circulated through the Aquarium tanks can, if desired, be brought back to the filter beds and used a second time.

The Director of the Aquarium is the Superintendent of the Madras Museum, and he is assisted by a small local Committee.

The number of visitors at first was something like 1,100 a day and even now some 400 to 600 persons a day visit the Aquarium. A small admission fee is charged (1-2 an anna) and one day in the week is reserved for the upper classes who pay 4 annas each, and one day is reserved for purdah ladies. The number of visitors from 21st October 1909 to 31st March 1910, was 100,463 and the amount realised in admission fees was Rs. 3,330-4-6. The largest number of visitors on a single day was 3,436.

The staff consists of 3 keepers, 2 door-keepers and coolies costing about Rs. 100 per mensem, so that at present it may be considered as self-supporting.

The magnificent colours and wonderful shapes of many of the fish form a most attraction display. The exhibits include Sea-snakes (Enhydrina and species of Disters) and among the fish species of the following :—

Ginglymostoma, (Tiger sharks) Stegostoma, Chiloscyllium, (Eels) Muraena, Ariue, Therapon Serranus, Lutjanus, Myripristis, Trachynotus, Pterois, Caranx, Antermarius, Heniochus, Julis, Teuthis, Balistes, and Tetrodon. The invertebrates comprise cuttle fish, holothurians, hermit-crabs (Olibanarius), swimming crabs (Scylla and Neptunus), lobsters (Panulirus), prawns (Penoeus), etc.

All the specimens had been taken on the Madras Coast within a few miles of the Aquarium.

Fish are brought in by paid fishermen who, however, will not bring in live edible fish. Rs. 5 has been offered for a live pomfret without success and none of the common edible fish appear to be procurable.

Feeding.—Owing to the fast of the water being filtered artificial food has to be supplied and lumps of raw fish are given every afternoon.

Many of the details given here were kindly sent him by Professor F. F. Fyson of the Presidency College, Madras, who also forwarded some rough colour sketches of the fish which had been enlarged by Miss G. Millard. Other technical details were obtained from an account of the Aquarium written by Dr. J.P. Henderson, which was published in "Nature" in February last.

The photographs would also enable members to gain some idea of the general appearance of the Aquarium and also of the interior.

In conclusion the Secretary asked "Is it too much to hope that some public spirited citizen will come forward and enable Bombay to follow the excellent example which Madras has set us?"

There could, he thought, be no doubt that such an Aquarium in Bombay, would be both popular and of great educational value.

Professor Powell said it would be difficult to exaggerate the importance of such an Aquarium as an educational factor. No progress in the study of practical Biology can be expected till such an Aquarium is available for teachers, students and those engaged in original research on Biological problems. He would venture to say that ninety per cent. of our University graduates in Biology, had never seen or handled a Sea Urchin, Star Fish, Jelly Fish, or Lancelet, though they possibly write glib polysyllabic accounts of their structure development and life-histories. Such "learning" obtained from text-books is not science. At present the Bombay student of Natural Science learns it in exactly the same way as he learns history from a text-book. He knows not science but the "history of science." He can tell you what Huxley, or Darwin, or De Vries has observed as he can tell you how Napoleon or Hannibal has fought. He has made no personal observations or experiments, but with an Aquarium at hand to supply our colleges with Biological material this state of affairs can be remedied, not otherwise.

SMALL GAME SHOOTING IN SIND.

An interesting paper on this subject was read by Mr. N. B. Kinnear, who gave his experiences of a three weeks' shoot in December with Mr. E. Priestley, D.S.P., (member of the Society), in Lower Sind.

The number of guns was three, but this was increased to nine at Christmas. Out of nineteen days in Sind, shooting took place on thirteen.

So far, he thought, the season in Sind was disappointing. Quail and Snipe had not yet come in in any great numbers, and Duck, though plentiful, were wild. The first ten days were almost entirely devoted to Partridge, black and grey, the former being one of the most sporting birds to be had in India. Both varieties were fairly numerous. The black were found nearly always amongst trees and scrub; the grey, on the other hand, preferring the open and more cultivated parts.

Quail were few. The immigration this year appears to be poor. A few common Quail breed annually in Sind. Snipe were disappointing. Although they were in large numbers in certain parts, it was impossible to get at them. They were usually in flooded fields, in water about two feet deep, and rose in wisps far out of shot. Driving was attempted but without success.

As regards Duck, the best bag was shot on Christmas Day, 173 head, consisting of eight varieties, Gadwall, Shoveller, Garganey Teal, Marbled Teal, Wigeon, Tufted Duck, and Red Crested Pochard. This was not so interesting a day as one later on, on a larger sheet of water, twelve miles distant, although the bag there was smaller.

Duck and Geese here rose in two immense flocks behind and in front, with the roar of an express in a tunnel. The air was thick with birds. Most of the Duck went straight up out of shot at once ; the Geese, on the other hand, came over within range and three were bagged. They were all Grey Lag.

Among them were seen some Brahminy Duck. On the whole, the most plentiful Duck were certainly, Teal, Garganey, Shoveller and White Eye. There was also a number of Pintail, and Gadwall, Wigeon and Marbled Teal were fairly numerous. Mallard and Spot Bill were only occasionally observed. A few Tufted Duck were seen and Red Crested Pochard were confined to the reads and dhunds.

Some great Indian bustard shooting took place in the desert, thanks to which the Society were at length in possession of a nice series of skins, of which it had long been in need. This was particularly fortunate as Mr. Stuart Baker was anxious to see as many specimens as possible before writing his paper on that bird in the Game Series of the Society's journal. Until quite recently the Society had no specimens of this bird in its collection.

The Secretary announced that the next journal was being printed and would be ready he hoped in a week or two. The next meeting of members would take place on the 2nd February when Mr. H. Maxwell-Lefroy had promised to lecture on the progress of entomology in India.

THE SESAMUM CROP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The final general memorandum upon the sesamum, til or the jiujili crop of the current season is to-day issued by the Commercial Intelligence Department of India. It shows that the season, though not so good as last year, has been, on the whole, fairly favourable. The total area under the crop is given as 3·6 less than last year and the total outturn as 9 per cent. less than last year. Compared with the average of the past five years, this year's area is 10 per cent. more and the outturn 28 per cent. more.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

The final general memoranda on sesamum crop for the season 1910-11 states:—The province of Eastern Bengal and Assam does not furnish a report at this season. The total area reported by the other provinces as under :—The sesamum amounts to 4,754,900 acres as against 4,933,800 acres a year ago, a decrease of 3·6 per cent. Of this total area 3,448,800 acres are in British territory and this figure shows a decrease of 258,300 acres or 7 per cent. on that found at the same season in 1910, but an expansion of some 7 per cent. on the average for the five years ending 1908-09. The total for all reporting tracts is some 435,000 acres or 10 per cent more than in the said five years period. In the Native States there is an increase of 79,400 acres as compared with 1908-10, the total outturn (excluding Hyderabad) amounts to 421,900 tons or 42,900 tons less than at the same season in the previous year. This represents a net decrease of 9 per sent. as against the 3·6 per cent . decrease in area.

HONORARY MAGISTRATE PROSECUTED.

Alleged Torture to Extort Confessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 19.

A sensational case of torture is going on before Major Thomson, Deputy Commissioner, Mianwali, holding Court in the Government Dak bungalow at Bhakkar in which Sardar Mubarik Khan, Honorary Magistrate of Dera Ghazi Khan, and four others, are charged under 330, Penal Code, with the offence of torturing four persons for extorting confessions of guilt from them in connection with a theft case.

It appears, that a theft of ornaments valued at 90, was committed within the jurisdiction of the accused Honorary Magistrate who suspected the complainants in the present case of theft, and, it is alleged, put them to torture to extort the confession. For the prosecution, it is alleged, that after the torture had been carried out the Honorary Magistrate took down the confessions of the four persons suspected of the theft and ordered them to be sent up by the police for trial, During the police enquiry allegations of torture were brought to the notice of the Superintendent of Police of Dera Ghazi Khan.

During the course of the present trial one of the persons suspected of the theft, retracted his statement, and said that he made a voluntary confession before the Honorary Magistrate. The trying Magistrate has ordered his prosecution for perjury. Mr. Grey of the Chief Court Bar is defending the Honorary Magistrate.

BURMA KHEDDAH CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 19.

In the Kheddah case to-day, before Mr. Justice Robinson and the Special Jury at the Special Sessions of the Chief Court further evidence was given by the mahouts of elephants to show that they had never heard of any epidemic of anthrax amongst the elephants. They had not heard of a large number of deaths and they had not seen nor heard of any dead animals being burnt or buried during the period of their service.

WEEKLY PLAGUE REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 19.

There was a slight decrease in the plague mortality reported during the week ending 14th January, the figures being 19,143 against 12,671 reported during the previous week. The provincial figures were the United Provinces 6,022 deaths, the Punjab 1,324, Bengal 1,295 Bombay 1,106, the Central Provinces 742, Madras 374, Rajputana 321, Mysore 287, Central India 286, Burma and Hyderabad 186 each, and North-West Frontier Provinces 7.

SPORTING NEWS.

ROYAL CONNAUGHT BOAT CLUB.

Finish of the Regatta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 18.

The Regatta of 1911 wound up at Rosherville this evening when General Slogett and the Officers of the R. A. M. C. were "At Home" to all Poona and Kirkee Society who in addition to experiencing the hospitality of the R. A. M. C. had the pleasure of having the Band of the 114th Maharattas play during the Regatta, and at the dinner and dance which followed. The Regatta this year has been not merely a success but a triumph. For four days the engagement extended, and for four days Captain R. C. Wilson, the honorary secretary, was hard at work. The other members of the Executive were Mr. R. D. Prior, president, Colonel Butler R. A., Judge, Mr. Fanshawe, Captain of the Boats, Mr. R. T. Polly and Mr. Cormack, and Mr. Defrece, timekeeper. The special features of the Regatta were the appearance of the Bombay and Madras crews who pulled in the Challenge Fours to-day. Both had bad luck. Bombay had ill-luck from the start. Their stroke broke his stretcher, and was obliged to row on one side of it right throughout. Madras looked all over the winners till 300 yards from home, Poona put on a spurt and beat them by 1 1-2 lengths. The Bombay boat came in languidly. It was a pity. If they had more practice as a combined crew, they might have given both Madras and Poona a lively time. However, we appreciate their sporting spirit very highly for having turned up for the first time, and they will always be extended a warm welcome whenever they elect to come to Poona. It was their presence and that of the Madras crew which gave a classic glow to the Challenge Fours. The other events speak for themselves. Mrs. Alderson very kindly distributed the prizes, and ringing cheers were given for her, and for the Bombay and Madras crews.

Results :—

JUNIOR REGIMENTAL FOURS.—Half mile.

(1) Lincolns.	vs.	(2)1 27 Baluchis.
Holmes		Heyland
Boys		Weatherall
Hoskyns		Dyke
Stroke, Teall		Webb
Cox, Buller		Mrs. Dyke

THE RACE.—They got off well together, but after going 100 yards the Lincolns boat was seen half a length in front of the Baluchis boat. The Baluchis then pulled themselves together, and quickening stroked past the Lincolns by 1-4 length, but on nearing home the Lincolns put on a spurt and won a great race by 1-2 length. Time—3min. 33 3-5 secs.

THE SERVICE FOURS.—3-4 mile.

(1) British Service,	vs.	(2) Indian Service.
Bow Paris		Meredith
2 Purser		Gilroy
3 Turner		Harvey Kelly
Stroke, Arbuthnot,		Wilson
Cox, Bremner		Mrs. Wilson

THE RACE.—They rowed abreast till the 100 yards post, the British Army stroked 1-2 length ahead of the Indian Army and at the 1-2 mile, they were 2 of a length in front. At the 1-4 mile the Indian Army appeared to have shot their bolt. the British Army having marked a clean length ahead of their opponents, and having the latter to look after themselves towards the finish, won, without turning a hair by 3 1-2 lengths. Time—4min. 48secs.

THE LADIES' DOUBLE SCULLS, 300 yards:—

(1)		(2)
Miss Thom		Miss McIver
Miss McIver	vs.	Mrs. Wilson
Cox, Meredith		Cox, Pearson

THE RACE.—Miss Thom and Miss J. McIver shot ahead of the other boat and got a full length ahead, but at about fifty yards from home, Miss McIver and Mrs. Wilson, stroked hard and clean together on terms with the leading boat, and would undoubtedly have won had the race been a few yards longer. As it was, Miss Thom and Miss McIver just managed to win by 3 feet, after an exciting and pretty race.

THE CHALLENGE FOURS.—1 mile.

B. C. B. C.	vs.	Madras	vs	Bombay
Bow, Martin		Simmonds		Witworth
2 Byatt		Anne		Schmidt
3 Leahy		Hignet		Denso
Stroke, Langrishe		Barter		Elsworth
Cox, Bridges		Thompson		Briggs

THE RACE.—From the start, Madras at once made headway and at the 100 yards was 1-2 length in front of Poona, Bombay coming up a length behind. At the 3-4 mile, Madras extended their lead from Poona by 1 length, while Bombay pulled up 1-2 length behind Poona. At the 1-2 mile Poona put on a spurt and reduced the distance between them and Madras 1-2, whereas Bombay who were coming down along the outer bank, appeared to be blown. Madras still maintained a 1-2 length lead from Poona, but 800 yards from home, Poona brushed up wonderfully and shooting past the Madras boat, won a magnificent race by 1 1-4 length, Bombay coming in about five lengths behind. Time—6 min. 19 secs.

JUNIOR PAIRS.—1-2 mile.

	vs.	
Heyland		Holmes
Webb		Teall
Cox, Miss Prior		Cox, Buller

THE RACE.—Miss Prior's boat led all the way, and although Buller's crew made a great effort to get on terms with them at the 1-4 mile, it was futile, and Miss Prior's pair won by 1 1-2 lengths.

THE SENIOR PAIRS.—1-2 mile.

Wilson and Turner, 1 ; Simmonds and Hignet, 2 ; Leahy and Langrishe, 3 ; Schmidt and Denso 4.

THE RACE.—Wilson and Turner were the first to show in front of the Madras boat and coming down strong all the way won gamely from the Madras boat by 1 1-2 lengths, Leahy and Langrish being a length off Madras and Bombay 1 1-2 lengths behind Leahy and Langrishe. Time—3min. 29 secs.

ALL INDIA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN 19.

Seventeen teams have entered for the All-India Hockey Tournament, which begins on Monday, namely the Allahabad Volunteer Rifles, 2nd Berkshire Regiment, 1st Royal Munsters, the 1st Royal Irish, the King's Own, the Allahabad Gymkhana, the North-Western Railway Volunteers, the 1st Royal Scots, the 3rd Middlesex, the 2nd Cheshires, the Punjab Volunteers, the Naini Tal Volunteers the U. P. Police, the 4th Worcestershires, the 1st Middlesex, the Royal Artillery, and the Bombay Gymkhana.

CAWNPORE RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, JAN. 19.

Splendid racing was brought off to-day :—

THE CAIRO CUP.

Minx	1
Shaik Fareed	2
Murmurees	3

Won by half a length.

THE JUVENILE PLATE.

Melody	1
Go Pass	2

Won by a neck.

THE PAVILLION PLATE.

Pinkie	1
Juggler	2
Drum Major	3

Won by three-quarters of a length.

THE WELLINGTON PLATE.

Prince Lyon	1
Lord Flotham	2

Won by one and a quarter lengths.

THE CORINTHIAN PLATE.

Honey	1
Rustamkind	2
Jacko	3

Won by half a length.

THE FORT PLATE.

Watterman	1
Bengola	2

Won by two lengths.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

The fourth "Forty-two" medal competition of the current season was played over the Bombay links on Thursday morning. The conditions were medal play under handicap over one round of nine holes, the winner to receive half the sweepstake. There was a big entry for the event, twenty-eight golfers having put their names down, but a number did not play and there were several "no returns." In all only nine cards were returned, the winner being H. J. Shaw, who, though a 6 handicap man, did a round of 44. He is followed one stroke behind by A. C. Owen, another long handicap player whose nett score was 39. Shaw did none too well on the Gymkhana maidan crossing over at 17, an 8 at the third having let him down. On the Marine Lines maidan, however, he played a very steady game, his worst hole being the last to which he took 6. He had a 5 at the long hole and 4's at the other. Owen did the first three holes in one stroke over five. On the other side he had 6's at the fourth and sixth holes, 4's at the fifth and seventh and 5's at the short hole and the ninth. Sanderson, who comes third, with 41 nett, spoilt his card with a 7 at the third and 6's at the fourth and fifth, but the remaining holes he played well, having 5's at hole first, second and long holes, 3 at the short hole and 4's at the seventh and ninth. Scores :—

	Gross.	Handicap.	Nett.
H J Shaw ...	44	—6	38
A C Owen ...	46	—7	39
P M W Sanderson	45	—4	41
E Hargreaves ...	46	—4	42
A Foulkes ...	51	—9	42
A L S Roberts ...	42	+1	43
A Gittins ...	42	+1	43
P W Cresswell ...	47	—4	43
L B Onseley ...	49	+4	45

THE BOMBAY HUNT.

HOUNDS met yesterday on the flats in front of the Jackal Club, where there was quite a fair gathering of the "beauty and valour" of the hunt (as our contemporary has it), but unfortunately very little light to see them by. When at length the sun struggled up the Master took hounds to draw the graveyard cover from where, in the past, we have often followed a stout-hearted jack. It appeared at first that we were to be disappointed in this instance and that we would have to seek elsewhere for a hunt, when hounds feathered on the far side of the exceedingly bad little patch of Melon ground that must be well known to all followers of the hunt, and burst away with plenty of music towards Sahar, and turning right-hand d after crossing the pipe appeared to be hustling their jack straight to the Barracks. However one jack was headed by some natives and turning sharp right-handed made a bee line towards the Jackal Club, only to turn again towards the Barracks almost at once. Starting from the graveyard ounce up to this point had been in the form of a large S and every yard of it had been across the Melon ground. In fact, if this twisting jack had made a deliberate plan to break all our necks, he could not have chosen more suitable ground for his purpose. After turning left-handed we had a nice straight run to the Barracks and leaving them on our left we were lead over some nice "bund" country towards the Kurla creek.

There appeared at one time to be a possibility of the jack swinging left-handed and regaining the open country, but whether because he was too hard pressed or whether it was that some at the field riding wide to the left of hounds headed him he elected to go straight ahead through the creek in a last desperate effort to save his brush. He entered the water about 10 yards in front of the leading hound and he was run into in shallow water about 30 yards out. So ended a very pleasant run with plenty of good hound work over country that enabled everyone to see exactly what was happening.

Hounds were then taken to draw the pipe line and I hear that a jackal was found near the Andheri Road and was hunted and eventually lost in the grass lands beyond the Mango tope.

Hounds are advertised to meet next Sunday at the Cross Road, Melon Ground.

RUSTUM.

BOMBAY RACES.

6th Extra Meeting.

SATURDAY 21st JANUARY 1911.

HORSES LEFT IN.

After declaration of forfeit at 6 p.m. Thursday 19th January 1911.

THE JANUARY PLATE, 5 furlongs—Riser 9-6, Killua 8-5 and Lord Merv 9-5, Lancelar 7-13.

Top weight not having accepted weights are raised 4lbs.

THE SANDOWN PLATE, about 9 furlongs—Marguerite 10-5, Wine Merchant, 8-2 and Young Melton 6-7, Solution 8-6, Lancasterite 8.

THE CHARNI ROAD PLATE, about 9 furlongs—Sir Visto 9-12, Zinnulmulook 8-5, Young Japan 7-7, Sir Hugo 9-8, Shawcutt 8-4, Lama 7-6 and Meazer 9-1 Artist 8-1 Straight Tip 6-10. Urgent 8-7, Hundred 8, Thaboor 8-6, Braganza 7-10.

THE CHURCH GATE PLATE, 6 furlongs—Sharar, Yacoot, Matarlowz, Gold Mint, Rose, Ashreff, Anrom, Phaleron, Mezahim, The Brat, Abdul Malik, Compact, Toronto, Tofic Pasha, Good Shot and Yaber, Director, Fakri Suleman.

DIVISION OF THE NURSERY PLATE.—6 furlongs—Steward, Guinea Merchant, Young Lad, Laxim, Seeptre, Dollar, Ecz-el-Mulook, New Guinea, Bheema, Otolo, Red Monk, Gozard, Brazie, Chapter, Sardinia, Lord Hardinge, Aga, Singer, Printer, Dilsher Sir Hunter, Macedonia, Muswood, Hamdi, Pasha, Budri, Tamam, The Czar, Hoojaz, Lord Magdala, Young Majub, Turning Star, St Hilarion and Parakaretu.

DIVISION OF THE LITTLE NURSERY PLATE.—5 furlongs—Young Paris, Order, Bronzino, Khadravi, Mexico, Medallist, Timon Gold Belt, Grecus, Dimshak, General Botha, Sir John, Jameel, Polish, Goalpara, Lord Chestnut, Sir Albert, Melton Nilson British, Debey, Young Hudhan, Mat-hat-Baig Red Flower, Shibal, Chaman, Annis Pasha, Muzafar Pasha, Senseless, Eurg, Zebid, Nurgis, Hassam, Ayar, Yusuff Pasha and Orcesus.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," January 19,)

Mr Budhmal Kevalshand to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Nasik District.

Mr J F L DeMonte to be an Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act for the Settlement of Aden and to be Veterinary Practitioner for the purposes of the Act for the Settlement of Aden and its dependencies.

Mr Ranchhodbhai Vithaldas, residing at Detroj, is appointed, a Conciliator within the limits of the Viramgam Taluka in the Ahmedabad District vice Mr Gangaram Pran.

Mr Giriyappagavda bin Lingangavda, residing at Malvad, is appointed, a village Munsif for the villages of Malvad and Bhopalpur in the Ron Taluka of the Dharwar District vice Mr Parvatgavda bin Lingangavda, deceased.

The appointment of Mr Shankarrao Ramaji Padki as a Conciliator in the Paragad Taluka of the Belgaum District, is cancelled at his own request.

Assistant Surgeon J. E. Bocarro, L M and S, Civil Surgeon, Broach, is granted privilege leave of absence for six weeks from the date of relief.

Assistant Surgeon P A Cordeiro, L M and S, to act as Civil Surgeon, Broach, during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon J. E. Bocarro, L M and S, or pending further orders.

Mr R M Maxwell, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the

BY THE WAY.

MR. ASQUITH AND OTHERS.

"Mr. Asquith, mellowed by success, assured of his position as Leader of the House of Commons, has of late," Mr. Lucy says, "developed a tendency to humour he would do well to cultivate. For the rest, with two exceptions, his Majesty's Ministers are not accustomed to disturb the debate by the evolution of eruptive laughter. When in opposition, a free-lance below the gangway, Mr. Lloyd George's speech was full of quips and cranks. Sobered by the responsibility of office, he is more reticent. But when he gets away from school and goes playing on public platforms in the provinces, old habit asserts itself. Mr. Winston Churchill, when he lets himself go, brims over with audacious sayings, that frequently rise to the height of wit." The wittiest man known to the House of Commons since the days of Disraeli of whom he was an appreciative pupil, was Sir William Harcourt.

A HISTORIC COLONIAL CHURCH.

The Church known as St. James's Old Cathedral, at Melbourne, has been in existence long enough to become historic. It is seventy-one years since the foundation-stone was laid by Governor C.J. Latrobe, the superintendent of Port Phillip. The ceremony took place on Saturday, November 9, 1839, and was witnessed by all the leaders of the then official life of early Melbourne. The building cost £7,000, but its erection was tardy, for it was not until October 1842, that it was opened. The first vicar was a Cambridge man, the Rev. Mr. Grylls. The seventy-first anniversary of the laying of the foundation-stone has just been observed. The church was the precursor of the 226 churches in the diocese of Melbourne, and of the 635 in Victoria. These have all been built in the past seventy years.

THE ADVANCE IN COMMON TEA.

The world's consumption of tea is now considerably greater than it was a few years ago, and, despite increased supplies, which have, however, received a check during the present year, production the Grocer says, has not kept pace with demand. The stock in this country is nearly four million pounds less than last year. Imports into the United Kingdom in the first eleven months of 1910, were over seven million pounds below those in the same period of last year, while consumption has increased by three million pounds. Ceylon has shipped ten million pounds less to this country than last year, but other countries have taken more Ceylon tea. Shipments from northern India this season up to December 15, are 150,998,000lb., against 152,185,000lb. last year. Since the beginning of October common leaf has risen in value 2d. per lb., and our contemporary believes it very probable that in the New Year quotations will go higher.

THE EARL AND THE ANGLER.

The arrival of the Earl of Minto at Minto House, N.B., where he spent Christmas, has recalled some stories of his predecessors. A late Earl, like all the Elliots, had a kindly nature, and might sometimes be seen walking about in the vicinity of Minto or on the banks of the Teviot in a homely garb. One day a Hawick angler was throwing his line on the river near Minto, when a tall gentleman came on him and inquired what kind of spot he was having. The fisher replied that it was not very good, and that he could do better if he were at the other side of the water, adding: "I'll gi'eye six-pence if ye'll carry me across." The bargain was struck, and the gentleman getting the angler on to his back, carried him through the river to the other side. True to his promise, the angler produced the sixpence, which he proffered to the gentleman, who however, smiled and remarked: "Give it to the first beggar you meet, and tell him it is a present from the Earl of Minto!" His lordship then walked on, leaving the amazed fisher almost riveted to the spot and wishing that the earth would open up and swallow him.

TEMPLE BAR.

The probability that, owing to the death of Lady Meux, Theobald's Park, with its famous Temple Bar gateway, may come into the market, recalls the strange history of that ancient London landmark, which has now had a long period of exile. It was in 1670-2, that Temple Bar was rebuilt by Sir Christopher Wren, after the great fire of London. Its predecessor, "a house of timber, erected across the street, with a narrow gateway and an entry on the south side of it under the house," had stood for about two and a half centuries; since, early in Henry VIII's reign, it had supplanted the "posts, rails, and chains" which marked the City's western boundary. Wren's structure was removed in the winter of 1877-8, during the building of the new Law Courts.

IZAAK WALTON'S PARISH CHURCH.

Clerkenwell parish church, of which the crypt will be adapted for parochial purposes, is mainly a rebuilt Georgian structure, but contains some, interesting monuments. Among them is one to Bishop Barnet, the Whig historian, who was buried beneath the altar. There is also a memorial-stone to Sir William Wood, the famous Clerkenwell archer, and author of a curious little book in praise of archery, called "The Bowman's Glory." When he died in 1691, three flights of whistling arrows were discharged over his grave, and this seems to have set the precedent for the three volleys now fired at military funerals. Izaak Walton's son Izaak was baptised and buried here, and the Compleat Angler has made an entry in the register regarding his other son of the same name who became a Canon of Salisbury.

WORDSWORTH AT AYSGILL.

Long before Hawes Junction or the Midland and North-Eastern Railways came into existence Wordsworth, the 'Manchester Guardian' reminds us, stayed at night at Aysgill, and slept within a stone's-throw of the spot where the Scotch express was wrecked. It was in October, 1802, when he was bringing his bride, Mary Hutchinson, home to Grasmere, after their marriage. Dorothy Wordsworth was with the happy pair. It is curious to read in her journal how even this leisurely post-chaise journey was the occasion of an accident. The mishap, whatever it was, necessitated the return of the horses to Leyburn and a long wait in the post-chaise by the roadside till fresh ones could be obtained. "William composed a sonnet in the post-chaise" but it will not be found in any collection of Wordsworth's poem.

ENGLISHMEN'S DISLIKE OF SCOTLAND.

As bearing on the question of adaptability a curious statement has just been made. A Glasgow firm of boot and shoe makers have closed their factory owing, they say, to the difficulty of getting suitable labour in Scotland. A finer class of boot is now in demand than that the firm used to produce, but they found that their men could not turn out the smart boot made in Leicestershire and Northampton. The remarkable thing is, however, that, according to their statement, although they brought workmen from England they could not induce them to remain in Scotland. The men found fault with the Scottish way of living, got home-sick, and went back. A man would be advertised for, to work a special machine, and, although, had the situation been in England, there would have been a dozen men ready to jump at it, not a man could be got to go to Scotland. At all events Scotland does not seem to have the attractions for Englishmen that England has for Scotsmen.

ROYALTY AND DRUMMOND CASTLE.

Drummond Castle, in Perthshire, one of the residences of the late Lord Ancaster, and its world-famed gardens have, for generations, been annually visited by thousands of people, the Castle and its many ancient and picturesque treasures being a source of great attraction. The older portion of the Castle was erected in 1491 and from time to time has been added to. The Castle has frequently been the abode of Royalty. In 1842 the late Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort were for some time resident there and in more later years the Prince, King George V., and Queen Mary (then the Duke and Duchess of York) paid a week's visit in 1900, while in 1906 the present King and Queen of Spain were also the guests of the Earl and Countess of Ancaster there.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Alexander on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists throughout, etc.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A CHARMING FROCK.

A charming frock for a little girl of six years, writes a Home correspondent, was shown to me the other day. It was intended for a Christmas present and the child, not to mention its mother, must have been delighted with it. It was of pale rose crepe de chine, and was of a pretty pattern, to which justice could hardly be done in mere words. The little skirt was cut into a square panel back and front, and edged all round with a narrow band of white swansdown. The hem was slightly gathered in under the band of trimming, giving it a delightful Directoire effect, which was further emphasized by a panel of pleated mousseline de soie let in at each side and left transparent.

A STUDY IN PINK.

The little corsage was cut with Japanese sleeves and gathered over the waist-line, which was marked high, while a small guimpes of ecru fine lace was cut round the top of the corsage, and the loose sleeves were trimmed with a pretty pattern made of narrow babe ribbon. The child for which the dress was intended being fair, with large blue eyes, the little coat to be worn over the frock was of black velvet trimmed with wide revers and collar of fine Irish lace. Pink shoes and pink socks and a pink satin cloche completed the dainty toilette. Another delightful "party" frock, this time for an older maiden is of palest green China silk with a pattern of coloured beads worked in the front of the bodice and over the sleeves. It is intended to hang loose, and so is made fairly wide in the skirt. A favourite material for little girls' dresses is of "velours changeant," and I have seen many charming models made in shot blue and black, red and black, pale blue and pink, which gives an opalescent effect. These frocks are all very simply cut, with the high waists marked by a thick twisted cord or a plaited ribbon, which is fastened in front, a little to the left side. Plaids, too, are being largely called into requisition for children's clothes—principally for school wear. They are made up into short tunics edged with a band of plain silk, the underpart being a kilted skirt. The guimpes and sleeves are generally of needle-run cambric, edged with a narrow Valenciennes lace.

A POPULAR SCOTCH STYLE.

Another style very popular for the little ones is a Scotch plaid with a tucked muslin yoke, the sleeves being edged with lace and finished off with a narrow varnished leather band fastened with a buckle. Yet another is of black and white check, with dainty white ruffles at the neck and sleeves made of three rows of lace. These tartan plaids, also checks, are also being utilised for very warm little coats, which are made with a deep cape and a leather belt, fastened with large brass buttons. Ratine is a most successful material for children's school frocks both on account of its warmth and the fact that it is not easily soiled. A new model in this style has a deep band of striped yellow and grey ratine as hem, and a quaint top of the same, forming a crossed bodice and pretty new-shaped sleeves over a separate yoke, and sleeves of white tucked lawn. The loose sac coat has a wide sailor collar and is trimmed with the striped material. The rest of the coat and dress are of grey ratine without the stripe. The coat is most convenient as regards shape, as it is made without any fastenings whatever being so wide that it can easily be slipped on and off over the head. Other afternoon frocks are made of white China silk voile, or Ninon which have embroidered tunics or tunics with embroidered Byzantine or Hungarian patterns. They all have the dainty childish separate yoke and sleeves of white lawn, which make such a pretty finish, and are, besides, so becoming. Two dresses, which are particularly childlike and simple in their lines have deep embroidered tunics, the one being in Roumanian style in mixed colours, the other in a Hungarian pattern worked in red and blue, the tunic ending in uneven tabs at each side. A corduroy velvet with the yoke and side panels cut in one has a sailor knot of ribbon, fastened at the neck and a leather belt round the waist.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JAN. 19.

The disturbance in Baluchistan yesterday, now affecting north-west India and conditions are unsettled along the Himalayas, from Darjeeling Eastwards. The weather being practically dry everywhere, except in Assam, where Sibsagar and Dibrugarh report light falls rain. The forecast shows a few falls in extreme north and Assam.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 19th JANUARY.

Amritsar.—Bright no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Hansi.—Looks like clearing up. Food-grains doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Cloudy, but no rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Rain general over district. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Agra.—Looks like clearing up. All crops doing well.

Cawnpore.—Fine weather has set in. All crops doing well.

Benawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Dhalia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Broach.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants in flower showing bolls; crop accounts satisfactory; crop prospects improving; and crop making good progress.

Viramgam.—Mornings cold. Cotton picking partially begun.

Wadhwan.—Cotton plants flourishing; crop accounts satisfactory; plants healthy and crop excellent.

Bhavnagar.—Harvest gathered up; crop small.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking of third sowing general. Cotton crop estimate eight annas.

Sholapur.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy.

Hubli—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants suffering from cold winds. Cotton crop accounts less favourable. Wheat doing well. Crop accounts less favourable.

Bellary.—Dewfall insufficient. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 19TH JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 19th January, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the extreme eastern districts, heavily clouded in the south-west Punjab and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at Ambala; the minimum is in excess at all stations.

The United Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Dry temperature is in excess at Cawnpore and Allahabad; night temperature continues in excess over the whole division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in lower Sind and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess except at Karachi. Maximum temperature is nearly normal; the minimum is in excess in upper Sind and east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded in Cutch, lightly clouded in the adjacent parts of Kathiawar and in north Gujarat, and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Both day and night temperatures are normal in Cutch and on the Kathiawar Coast, and in excess over the rest of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear in the north Konkan and lightly to moderately clouded in the south Konkan. The moisture in the air is in excess at Bombay but equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature is normal except for an excess during the day at Ratnagiri and an excess at night at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the northern half of the division and lightly to moderately clouded in the southern half. Humidity is normal. Temperature is in excess at some stations.

General Remarks.—Weather has against become slightly unsettled in North-west India: moderate to heavy cloud has appeared in the western half of the Punjab. No precipitation however has been reported from any station.

A few light showers may occur in the western half of the Punjab.

Correction:—In the summary for the 18th January 1911 under the sub-division "The Punjab," add "Delhi records 0·11" of rain before "Skies are clear."

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

AT THE ST. JAMES'S.

Gay-clad in divers colours, whimsical, fantastic, fugitive, a wistful stroller of strange, winning wildness, the Pipe of the red-roofed, turreted Hamelin Town has proved that he can charm audiences with his magic melodies as well as rats and children. Those who witness Miss Josephine Preston Peabody's play at the St. James's must leave the theatre a little mellowed. His personality is so instinct with poetry. When, in the first act, the bibulous Burgomeister, endeavouring to prove the illiteracy of this impudent fellow who claims to have been promised a thousand guilders for exterminating the rat pest, asks him if he can read, he declares he can. A massive tome is produced, but the Piper stares vacantly. "There is nothing there," he exclaims. Print means nothing to him. Then his eye lights upon some green illuminated letter, some richly embellished decorative character. His pipe rises to his lips and liquid notes flow forth. "What are you doing?" gasp the villagers. "Why playing what the green one says," declares the wandering piper. But to these clever people it means so much more—it means A or Z. The fellow's vulgarity is proved and they will not give him his thousand guilders. So, in revenge, he magics away all their children, dressed in old Continental blues and greens and oranges and reds—some even in their nightshirts—magics them away into the hollow hill of Koppelberg. Here they are gay and happy when awake, but in their dreams they are visited by strange women who seem to want them and whom they cannot understand. The Piper is adamant, plays rainbows to delight them; till in the forest he meets Veronika mother of the cripple Jan. She pleads with him reveals to him a mother's love. When she is with him, wayward fellow, he will not yield. But when she leaves he relents, for her sake and for the sake of the Lonely Man whose effigy little Jan has watched so often upon the cross in the Hamelin market place waiting to see Him smile. When the Piper repents, one is quite sure He smiles. And so, in the last act, back troop the children, laughing to the Piper's lilt, and a miserable, lifeless village is made happy once again, while the Piper himself departs over the hills and far away.

AT THE PLAYHOUSE

In "Our Little Cinderella," produced recently at the Playhouse, Mr. Cyril Maude sings topical comic songs about the Lords, says he has a frightful "haddock" (a witty perversion of the word "headache"), and sits down on his supper. Once the first act is over it is all on this scale, and one cannot help feeling sorry that Mr. Maude should have so condescended to descend. Of course, we still love him, for we know the only reason he appears at all is that his dainty daughter's play may have a better chance of success; but, even so, this chance remains very small, so poor is the material with which the author, Mr. Leo Trevor, has provided his actors. It is a bad pantomime masquerading as a play with music. There is not one poetical thought from the first line to the last, and though "the scene is laid in Fairyland," the characters smoke, play golf and lawn tennis, and talk slang. When imagery is attempted it results in Cinderella's eyes being likened (twice) to "short partridges"! Mr. Hermann Lohr's music is undistinguished, and Mr. Arthur Wimperis' lyrics are far below his "Follies" standard. Miss Margery Maude makes a becoming and sweet-voiced Cinderella, but her father's humour smacks, for once, of the palæozoic period, while Mr. Hubert Bromilow's Prince is a most unmanly performance.

MASKELYNE AND DEVANT.

Mysteries! Forsooth—yards of them, with humorous interludes here and there that seem not only to urge you to desist in your attempts to unravel the magical problem which has puzzled you but also to prepare you for Psycho or The Scarab. Among these entertaining titbits must be included the art humourism of the lightning draughtsman Ernest Mills, and the songs of Ernest Hastings at the piano. As for Psycho, we also are guilty of having wondered at the automaton's marvellous performance under Maskelyne's guidance. We were likewise mystified by Devant—as was the boy who in order to be shown how to turn a handkerchief into a lemon, went up on the stage; he left it no wiser than when he had stepped on it. The other items on the programme are equally interesting.

MISS EDYTH WALKER.

A new era in music-hall history opens with Miss Edyth Walker's appearance at the Palladium. In an interview with Miss. Walker at the Savoy Hotel within a few hours of her arrival in London. A London correspondent obtained the following information. "The question to settle," she said, "was should I do my heavy parts or selections from lighter operas? I know that music-lovers would like to hear me as Brunnhilde, Isolde, Elektra, or Salome—parts that I have played many times abroad—but the obstacles in the way of my doing any one of these characters are insurmountable. For instance I would like to do the closing scene from "Die Gotter-dammerung," but where am I to find a horse outside an opera house that will leap into the fire with me, and what variety stage can fix between turns such a complete piece of property as Siegfried's funeral pyre?

ELEKTRA.

"Then, if I did any portion of Elektra, which in itself presents very few possible slices, who am I to get to do the other parts with me? Whereas if I selected the dance of triumph following the murder of Aigisthos, I should have nothing to sing. The same might be said of the Salome dance. You ask me Why not the final apostrophy? For the simple reason that the head of Johannan is not allowed here, and to be inspired to the proper expression of the words and the music without it is to me inconceivable. Then again, what is there in other parts of the 'Ring' for Brunnhilde to do alone sufficient to make a complete and interesting episode for a mixed audience on amusement bent? Moreover, I certainly do not imagine that any one would find Isolde's Love death particularly exciting as an isolated number. "I have, therefore, had to think out other scenes from my repertory—scenes that land themselves more easily and enjoyably to detached presentation, and this I have been able to do without ruling out our beloved Wagner from consideration. 'Rienzi' and Tannhauser are both in the scheme, and so far as I have settled, the other operas represented will be Nicolai's 'Merry Wives of Windsor, Weber's' Euryan' the, and Mozart's 'Figaro.' My selection will have to be announced each performance at the Palladium but, all being well, my fixed 'turns' on Monday will be in the afternoon the delightful scene between Mr. Ford and Mrs. Page in the first act of the 'Merry Wives,' which necessitates, of course, a vis-a-vis for me—who it will be I have not the least idea—and in the evening the scene from the third act of 'Rienzi' in which I, as Adriano sing that lovely aria known sometimes as 'The Dream of youth.' Of course I shall be in costume, and the scenery will be appropriate to the occasion."

POLITICS ON THE STAGE.

London theatrical managers seem extraordinarily slow to learn that politics are out of place on the stage. Never the pantomime season comes round but complaint is raised on this score, though the pantomime is of all entertainments the one from which such polemical matters should be most carefully excluded. That such allusions invariably favour one side only certainly does not make them any more tolerable, though they would be no less objectionable and out of place if they were as progressive in sentiment as they are in fact invariably the reverse. It is, however, worth noting that audiences have recently taken a good deal less kindly to this species of ignorance and ill-taste than they used to, and more than one performer who has trangressed in the manner in question of late has found the experiment attended with anything but success. Whether it is due to an increase of Liberal sentiment on the part of the theatrical public, to a belated recognition of the fact that such one-sided allusions are in any case undesirable, or what, it is impossible to say; but it is certainly a fact that they have been much less favourably received in London theatres and music-halls during the last few months than was formerly the case; and it is a sign of the times which is certainly to be noted with approval.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE CHOICEST OF CHOICE PIANOS.

HIRE OR PURCHASE.

BLÜTHNER.
BROADWOOD.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHd. LIPP.
STEINWEG NACHF.

CROWN PIANOS.
CROWN ORGANS,

PIANO-PLAYERS.
PLAYER-PIANOS.

New Pianos from Rs. 550. Second-hand from Rs. 200.
UPRIGHT OR HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANOS.
BUILT SPECIALLY FOR THE INDIAN CLIMATE.
FOR CASH OR ON THE EASY PAYMENT SYSTEM.
Descriptive illustrated list on application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1873. BOMBAY AND POONA.

NATURAL BEAUTY

ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, England's premier face-cream, has restored clearness and beauty to more complexions than anything else known. This is because it contains Icilma Natural Water, the magical skin-tonic from the spring in Algeria. It stimulates the skin to normal healthy action—and that is the only way to Beauty.

Icilma Fluor Cream

is the acme of Toilet Perfection—greaseless, snowy, fragrant and clean to use. It leaves no trace on the skin—cannot grow hair—needs no powder to hide it. Nothing else known can give the same clean, cool comfort, healthy transparency and velvety softness as this exquisite skin-cream.

Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA COMPANY, LTD., LONDON, ENG.

IN NATURE'S WAY

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.
Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
When weary and tired—take HORLICK'S, and get that feeling of fitness.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.
As a beverage HORLICK'S surpasses all alcoholic drinks, as it recuperates without giving any reaction, and is delicious to take, especially when iced. Children maintain their health and resist disease—and do not waste away when fed on HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.
NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

The clean, wholesome smell of
WRIGHT'S
COAL TAR SOAP
is, in itself, a recommendation and the freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.
Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.
6d. per Tablet.
To be obtained from:—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

Resist Malaria

'VANA'
(TRADE MARK)
TONIC WINE

'Vana' Tonic Wine is a pure, wholesome, yet powerful vitalising tonic.
It enriches the blood, increases and maintains the strength and vitality, thus fortifying the system against malaria.
As an invigorator for overworked bodies and brains and exhausted nerves it is ideal; its action is swift and its effect permanent.

Of all Chemists.
BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
LONDON (ENG.)
NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Government Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, BOMBAY.
THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM
Who Offer their constituents Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Has TWENTY YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.
WE HOLD
Highest Credentials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.
STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT makes.
PRICES—EXTREMELY MODERATE.

BANK OF BOMBAY,
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

MAKE YOUR OWN CIGARETTES WITH AG Cigarette Paper.
THEY ARE TWICE AS GOOD.
LARGEST SALE IN GT. BRITAIN.
ASK YOUR TOBACCONIST FOR AG TO-DAY.

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER
FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA-PEST, HUNGARY.

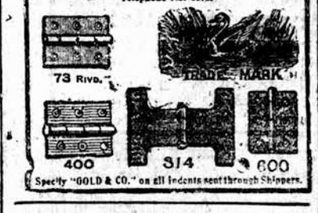
Stephens' Inks

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons For Typewriters.

Easy and Simple Home Baking is assured by using "PAISLEY FLOUR" (Trade Mark)
—the *sure* raising powder.
The "Paisley Flour" way is—to eight parts of ordinary flour add dry one part of "Paisley Flour" before making the dough and then proceed as usual.
The improved results in added fineness, lightness and digestibility are very pronounced.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1875.



Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
Easily Cure
THE WORST COUGH.
One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their marvellous value.
Sold in tins everywhere.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS.
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

A Medical Officer

Debility, Nervous Exhaustion—

Certainly the absolute confidence of eminent doctors is evidence enough of the exceptional benefits imparted by Phosferine. Even doctors cannot do more to prove their confidence than by *using Phosferine to remedy their own disorders*. Could any proof be more definite, more convincing than the testimony of John Dodd, D.S.M., Medical Officer in the late South African War, who says: "After being shot through both lungs I was dangerously reduced, and I attribute it solely to Phosferine that I regained my usual health. I have *proved* the value of Phosferine in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion." This brilliant medical officer found Phosferine particularly serviceable for insufficiency of nerve force, and declares nothing was so suitable in combating fevers, chills, &c.

Not possible now

John Dodd, D.S.M. (late of the Medical Staff, 5th Imperial Yeomanry, 1st Brigade, South Africa), Ladysmith House, Witton-le-Wear, writes:—"I have had considerable experience in the use of your invaluable remedy Phosferine, and it has proved particularly serviceable where there exists *insufficiency of nerve force*. This condition, often due to primary weakness, lays the system open to influenza, colds, neuralgia, rheumatism, indigestion, fevers, and in remedying this predisposition I have found *nothing so suitable* as your preparation. Phosferine invariably goes to the root of the mischief direct. The *certainty* of its action is moreover an estimable feature. In debility and kindred ailments, caused by a reduced system, *it has unprecedented power*, and in my own case I can bear evidence to its exceptional value, and am indeed greatly indebted to its wonderful restorative properties. During the late war in South Africa, I was shot through both lungs and pericardium and that reduced me most dangerously; after taking Phosferine for about two months it brought me back to my usual health. *I attribute this solely to the use of Phosferine*. I have advised Phosferine in several cases, and *proved* its value in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion."—March 11, 1910.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility	Neuralgia	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Maternity Weakness	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Premature Decay	Faintness	Headache
Sleeplessness	Mental Exhaustion	Brain-Fag	Hysteria

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Remedy of Kings

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family	The Imperial Family of China
H.I.M. the Empress of Russia	H.M. the Queen of Roumania
H.M. the King of Spain	H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. The Grand Duchess of Hesse

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.

Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/12, 2/9 and 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/12 size.

Wholesale Agents —

Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co., 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

FOR THE HAIR

Preserves, Beautifies, Restores, and **strengthens**, the hair and prevents it falling off or turning grey. Especially suited for **ladies'** and **children's hair**. It closely resembles the **natural oil** in the hair which Nature provides for its preservation; the want of it causes baldness. **Golden colour** for fair hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. (equal to 4 small), and 21s. Of stores, chemists, hairdressers, and Rowland's, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

CARLTON WHISKY.

RICHARD MATHEWS & CO'S TRADE MARK

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ltd., LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

ASTHMA

Why suffer when LALKALA will give you instant relief

EQUALLY EFFICACIOUS FOR HAY FEVER AND CROUP

Recommended by the Medical Profession

In Cigarettes or Papers, price ... per Box, net

SURE SAFE PLEASANT

Obtainable from KEMP & CO., Chemists, BOMBAY.

Sole Proprietors & Manufacturers:—LUNDY, WILSON & Co., 110, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

YOUNGS,

RYLAND STREET WORKS.

BIRMINGHAM ENGLAND.

LIFTING AND HOISTING APPLIANCES.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE NO. 75.

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,

Watch and Clock Specialists.

31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 months.

ASK FOR

PHUL-NANA

Regd

The Fascinating Perfume

(Of all Chemists & Perfumers)

J. GROSSMITH & SON LONDON

CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For **forty years** has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard **Phosphoric** Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 5s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.

It is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind: creates a calm refreshing sleep: allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail: leaves no bad effects: and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd. LONDON S.E.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness of the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Disease of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1s. 9d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all orders, cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of all Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

BEWARE of IMITATIONS

RIGAUD'S GENUINE JAPAN KANANGA TOILET WATER

PARIS FRANCE

SOLD BY ALL PERFUMERS

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras*. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay*.
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in *Pondichery*.

NATURAL

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

HEALTH-GIVING

REFRESHING

INVIGORATING

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regimenal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BATTY'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.

Cwlwell Works, **WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.**

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20. CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: WN & ABC (5TH EDITION).

A MIRACLE IN HAIR-TROUBLES.

KESHRANJAN

is indeed a miracle in all sorts of Hair-diseases. It prevents decay and discolouration. Produces soft and pliant hairs, a soft skin, fair delicate skin, heals all cutaneous eruptions and insures a lovely delicate complexion to all who use it. It is deliciously perfumed.

Re. 1 per bottle,
Post-free, Re. 1-8

STUBBORN COUGHS!

Distressing and suffocating Dry Coughs, Severe Cold, Loss of Voice, Difficulties in Breathing, Hoarseness in the chest, are permanently cured by our infallible specific BASAKARISTA or domestic Cough Linctus which contains no objectionable ingredients. In your trials, you should not be left without a phial of this invaluable preparation.

Price per phial ... ... Re. 1
Packing and postage ... ... As. 5

OUR PANCHATIKTA BATIKA—is a very safe and sure remedy for all sorts of Malarious fever, chronic fever, high and low fever, accompanied by *Enlargement of Spleen, Liver*, and cough, brain fever, double quotidian fever, in short, in all chronic cases of fever.

Price per phial ... ... Re. 1
Packing and postage ... ... As. 5

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen's,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,
M. C. S. (Paris), S. C. I. (London), M. S. A. S., London, Chemical Society (U.S.A.), &c., &c,
Nos. 18-1 & 19, LOWER CHITPUR ROAD, CALCUTTA.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, Europeans, Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to convince, are requested to come and inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases. They can be readily cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferer.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, thighs, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 5 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism, Gout, and Paralyses, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of one is experienced after days' treatment.

SPERMATORRHEA, STERILITY, and monthly discharges or other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid as well as Mellitus—and complaints attendant thereto, both acute and chronic, are thoroughly cured by harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, burning sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweetness in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh polypus in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are positively cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCE AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows:—
For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantatis Pills and Oil for 40 days, Rs. 15-8.
For Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 5-8.
For Nasal Disease, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Rheumatism, Gout and Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 7 days, Rs. 5-8.

Upcountry orders are promptly executed by value payable post. Upcountry patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointment for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 30 days, Rs. 10.

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough, Cold, Throat Irritation, Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons, mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

OPHTHALMIA.—Obstinate, painful ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients. Pills or water for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORRHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be. Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGES, the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWERS and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the case may be) for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 days Rs. 5-8 5-8.

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. PALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, at Benares Motiwalla's Chawl, near Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

WEARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS'

TAN

AND

BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES

SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE

INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.

THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE.

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

ASK OR WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS

NEWNEY (Nr. Hertford) ENGLAND

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 92, Fleetchurch Street, London E. C.